

Worksheet: *Sententiae Antiquae*
Chapters 12 (pp.58-59)

a. The questions below pertain to the words underlined in the *Sententiae Antiquae* or reading(s) cited above.

b. When you're asked to change a word from one form to another, change only **that** form of the word. For instance, if you're asked to change *habet* to the second person, put *habes*. That is, change only the person, not the number, tense, voice or mood.

Sentence 1: In principio Deus creavit caelum et terram; et Deus creavit hominem.

1. What case is **principio** and why? _____

2. Change **Deus** to ablative plural. _____

3. Change **terram** to genitive plural. _____

4. Change **hominem** to genitive plural. _____

Sentence 2: In triumpho Caesar praetulit hunc titulum: "Veni, vidi, vici."

5. Make **hunc titulum** genitive. _____

6. Change **Veni** to present imperative. _____

Sentence 3: Vixit, dum vixit, bene.

7. Make **Vixit** imperfect. _____

Sentence 5: Non ille diu vixit sed diu fuit.

8. Change **fuit** to future first person plural. _____

Sentence 6: Hui, dixisti pulchre!

9. Make **dixisti** present. _____

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Sentence 7: Sophocles ad summam senectutem tragoedias fecit.

10. What case is **senectutem** and why? _____

Sentence 8: Illi non solum pecuniam sed etiam vitam pro patriā profuderunt.

11. Make **Illi** agree with *senex* in Sentence 4 (Chapter 12). _____

Liberty

Sentence 1: Reges Romam a principio habuerunt; libertatem Lucius Brutus Romanis dedit.

12. Make **Reges** accusative. _____

13. What case is **Romanis** and why? _____

14. Make **dedit** imperfect. _____

Sentence 2: Sub Caesare autem libertatem perdidimus.

15. Make **Caesare** dative. _____

Sentence 3: Ubi libertas cecidit, nemo liberē dicere audet.

16. Make **cecidit** future. _____

17. What case is **nemo** and why? _____

18. What mood is **dicere** and why? _____

19. Make **audet** future. _____

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An Untimely Death

Sentence 1: Fundanus, amicus noster, filiam amisit, et haec tibi de eius morte scribo.

19. Make **noster** agree with with *morte*. _____

20. Make **tibi** plural. _____

21. What case is **eius** and why? _____

22. Change **scribo** to perfect second person plural. _____

Sentence 3: Magnā cum patientiā valetudinem tulit et vigor animi duravit ad extremum. O acerba mors!

24. Make **Magnā** agree with *vigor*. _____

25. Make **acerba mors** plural. _____