Worksheet: *Sententiae Antiquae*
Chapter 13-14 (pp.63-64 and pp.68-69)

a. The questions below pertain to the words underlined in the *Sententiae Antiquae* or reading(s) cited above.

b. When you’re asked to change a word from one form to another, change only that form of the word. For instance, if you’re asked to change habet to the second person, put habes. That is, change only the person, not the number, tense, voice or mood.

**Chapter 13**

Sentence 1: Ipse ad eos contendit equitesque ante se misit.

1. Make **ipse** agree with *equites*.___________________________________________________

2. What case is **se** and why? ____________________________________________________

Sentence 2: Ipsi nihil per se sine eo facere potuerunt.

3. What mood is **facere** and why? ______________________________________________

Sentence 3: Ipse signum suum et litteras suas recognovit.

4. Change **litteras** to ablative singular. _____________________________________________

5. Make **recognovit** present. _____________________________________________________

Sentence 4: Quisque ipse se diligit, nam quisque per se sibi carus est.

6. Make **diligit** future perfect. ____________________________________________________

7. Make **sibi** plural. ______________________________________________________________

8. Change **est** to pluperfect plural. __________________________________________________

[continued on next page]
Sentence 5: Ex vitio alterius sapiens emendat suum.

9. Make alterius plural. ________________________________________________

Sentence 6: Recede in te ipsum.

10. What mood is Recede and why? ______________________________________

11. What case is te and why? ____________________________________________

Sentence 7: Animus se ipse alit.

12. What case is se and why? _____________________________________________

13. Change alit to future first person plural. _______________________________

Sentence 8: Homo doctus in se semper divitias habet.

14. What case is se and why? _____________________________________________

15. Change habet to imperative plural. _____________________________________

Chapter 14

Sentence 2: Terra ipsa homines et animalia creavit.

16. Make Terra ipsa dative. ______________________________________________

Sentence 6: Ille magnam turbam clientium habet.

17. Make Ille agree with clientium. ________________________________________

[continued on next page]
Sentence 7: Hunc nemo vi neque pecuniā superare potuit.

18. Make nemo the same case as celeritate (Sentence 11). ______________________________

19. What case is vi and why? ______________________________

20. Change potuit to a present infinitive. ______________________________

Sentence 12: Istri caelum, non animum suum, mutant si trans mare currunt.

21. Make mare plural. ____________________________________________

22. Make currunt pluperfect. ____________________________________________

Sentence 15: Cum perniciosis civibus aeternum bellum geram.

23. What case is civibus and why? ____________________________________________

24. Make civibus genitive. ____________________________________________

25. Make geram perfect. ____________________________________________