

I. Matching. In the blank next to the term/word on the left put the letter corresponding to the item(s) on the right which best define or exemplify the item on the left. Use each item **ONLY ONCE**, and **ALL** items must fit terms.

Medical and Scientific Terminology

Section One

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| ___ 1. hippiatric | a. a condition of having two uteruses |
| ___ 2. neurosome | b. able to run swiftly |
| ___ 3. perihepatitis | c. a darkly pigmented cell |
| ___ 4. xanthodontous | d. a painful swelling of a gland |
| ___ 5. tachydromous | e. having yellow teeth |
| ___ 6. gastroscope | f. an instrument for viewing the stomach interior |
| ___ 7. phlebotomy | g. specializing in horse diseases |
| ___ 8. di hysteria | h. a surgical incision into a vein |
| ___ 9. adenalgia | i. a cell body of nerves |
| ___ 10. melanocyte | j. inflammation around the liver |

Section Two

- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| ___ 1. dysphotic | a. pertaining to a diseased kidney |
| ___ 2. nephropathic | b. an excess of red-blood cells |
| ___ 3. enterolith | c. a fissure or cleft of the tongue |
| ___ 4. schistoglossia | d. slowness of speech |
| ___ 5. polymastism | e. a stony mass in the intestines |
| ___ 6. bradylogia | f. characterized by eating all kinds of fish |
| ___ 7. rhinoplasty | g. the condition of having extra breasts |
| ___ 8. panichthyophagous | h. poorly lighted |
| ___ 9. erythremia | i. a membrane surrounding an embryo |
| ___ 10. blastophyllum | j. plastic surgery on the nose |

Linguistic Terms

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| ___ 1. Onomatopoeia | a. orientate, lase, respirate |
| ___ 2. Back Formation | b. coalesce, obsolescent, nascent |
| ___ 3. Assimilation | c. angel, progress, urbane |
| ___ 4. Homonym | d. air, heir, err |
| ___ 5. Blend | e. affluenza, cybraian, hazmat |
| ___ 6. Inchoative | f. affective, suffuse, illegal |
| ___ 7. Diminutive | g. lunar, turtle, piety |
| ___ 8. Functional Change | h. splash, zip, meow |
| ___ 9. Elevation | i. shouting, running, caught |
| ___ 10. Participle | j. liquor, rape, radish |
| ___ 11. Doublets | k. cubicle, capsule, pupil |
| ___ 12. Abstract to Concrete | l. neutralize, dysfunctional, visit a site |
| ___ 13. Circumlocution | m. to panhandle, make a run, the blues |
| ___ 14. Dissimilation | n. gentle/genteel, hostile/host, fiddle/viola |
| ___ 15. Specialization | o. allowance, generation, ordnance |

Definitions

Section One

- ___ 1. meander
- ___ 2. synod
- ___ 3. scapegoat
- ___ 4. immolate
- ___ 5. miasma
- ___ 6. dirge
- ___ 7. chiaroscuro
- ___ 8. ignoramus
- ___ 9. paroxysm
- ___ 10. plethora

- a. one who is blamed for others' deeds
- b. an overabundance
- c. to follow a winding course
- d. an assembly or council
- e. pictorial art using light and dark shades
- f. to sacrifice, slaughter ritually
- g. sudden attack, convulsion
- h. dunce
- i. bad smell
- j. funeral song

Section Two

- ___ 1. bohemian
- ___ 2. ordeal
- ___ 3. foment
- ___ 4. orthodox
- ___ 5. apostate
- ___ 6. miscreant
- ___ 7. careen
- ___ 8. milliner
- ___ 9. synoptic
- ___ 10. lewd

- a. villainous
- b. one who makes or sells women's hats
- c. lurch from side to side
- d. individualistic artist
- e. severe trial or experience
- f. presenting a common view
- g. obscene
- h. promote (especially a revolution)
- i. one who defects (especially from religion)
- j. conforming to established doctrine

Sources of Words

- ___ 1. Sports and Games
- ___ 2. Christian Sources
- ___ 3. Sea-Terms
- ___ 4. Military Terms
- ___ 5. Non-Christian Terms
- ___ 6. Place Names
- ___ 7. Expressions
- ___ 8. The Arts
- ___ 9. The Law
- ___ 10. Literary Terms

- a. with flying colors, son of a gun, junk
- b. fifth column, salary, harbinger
- c. fetish, juggernaut, termagant
- d. orchestra, explode, namby-pamby
- e. iconoclast, talent, encyclical
- f. peculiar, paraphernalia, size
- g. desultory, haggard, crestfallen
- h. tarantula, cologne, peach
- i. flamboyant, maudlin, grotesque
- j. flash in the pan, crocodile tears, sold down the river

II. Word Components. In the following words identify and define the linguistic components required (prefixes, BASES, suffixes).

A. Prefixes. Identify the TEN (10) prefixes in the words below.

1. paragenesis
2. seclusive
3. disaggregation
4. analepsy
5. obdurate
6. hypergamy
7. morphosyntactic
8. peracute
9. cataglottism

B. BASES. Identify the FIFTEEN (15) BASES in the words below.

1. disceptator
2. epigynous
3. graviloquence
4. exocrine
5. bibliolatry
6. antependium
7. cynocephalous
8. transpiratory
9. trifoliate
10. pseudeponymous

C. Suffixes. Identify the TEN (10) suffixes in the words below.

1. diarchy
2. inaudite
3. dendroid
4. equipedal
5. executrix
6. philotheism
7. chronometer
8. vestimentary
9. prothesis

III. Sentences. First, identify and define the affix and BASES of the underlined words in the sentences below. Second, state what part of speech the word is (noun, verb, adj., etc.). Third, define the word contextually.

1. There is a remarkable scripturient person, who keeps correspondence with your adversaries here. (Ken 1838)

2. The age of the hierocracy...not only failed to produce new prophets, but became incapable of appreciating the old ones. (Bruce 1892)

3. Immediately she was constringed by the unseen and spiritual cincture. (Southey 1828)

4. A Bamu River native considers it essential in pedotrophy that the children should learn how they come into existence...(Man 1919)

5. The luminous intensity of the flame...can be measured by an illuminometer consisting of a barrier-layer photocell connected to a micro-ammeter. (Kirk 1953)

6. Electron microscopes are capable of detecting birefringence...when light is passed through certain materials.

7. Many psychologists hypothesize that vestiphobia is an anxiety linked to certain fabric textures.

8. Although such abnormalities are still considered rare, heterochronism in the evolution of bird species has been found to occur more often than scientists initially supposed

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II. Word Components. In the following words identify and define the linguistic components required (prefixes, BASES, suffixes).

A. Prefixes. Identify the TEN (10) prefixes in the words below.

1. paragenesis para- beside, disordered
2. seclusive se- aside
3. disgregation dis- apart, not ag-(ad-) toward
4. analepsy ana- up, back
5. obdurate ob- toward, against
6. hypergamy hyper- excessive, over
7. morph/syntactic syn- w/, together
8. peracute per- through
9. cataclottism cata- down

B. BASES. Identify the FIFTEEN (15) BASES in the words below.

1. disceptator CEPT- take, seize
2. epigynus GYN- woman
3. graviloquence GRAV:- heavy
LOQU- speak
4. exocrine CRI- separate
5. bibliolatry BIBLI- book
LATR- excessive worship
6. antependium PEND- hang, weigh, pay out
7. cyncephalous CYN- dog CEPHAL- head
8. transpiratory SPIR- breathe
9. trifoliate TRI- 3
FOLI- leaf
10. pseudonymous PSEUD- false, ONYM- name, word

C. Suffixes. Identify the TEN (10) suffixes in the words below.

1. diarchy -archy rule by
2. inaudite -ite possessing
3. dendroid -oid like
4. equipped -al p.t.
5. executrix -rix she who does
6. philothetism -ism condition of, belief in
7. chronometer -meter instrument for measuring
8. vestimentary -ment result of
-ary p.t.
9. prothesis -sis state of, act of

