

University Policy

University code prohibits possession, consumption, or distribution of hallucinatory, narcotic, or other illegal drugs and possession, consumption, or distribution of alcoholic beverages on campus, including athletic events. Off-campus University functions are subject to state and local laws, however, any student convicted of a crime committed on or off campus is in violation and may be subject to discipline. It is the duty of staff and students to report violations of campus regulations. Violations of the alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs code will be handled through the Office of the Vice President for Student Services. The sanctions taken may include, but are not limited to, the following: referral for assessment to the Student Wellness Center administrator, appearance before the University Standards Committee, probation, suspension, or expulsion. The purposes for disciplinary action are to maintain the University's integrity, protect the rights of individuals, and help people solve their problems.

Alcohol & Tobacco Laws	Penalties
DUI - It is illegal to drive or be in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or other drugs. Utah's Implied Consent law requires submission to a blood alcohol content (BAC) test. Refusal will result in revocation of license for one year. You are in violation if your BAC is .08 or greater or the officer judges you to be impaired.	Up to 6 months imprisonment and/or \$1,000 fine, rehabilitation assessment and education class, suspension of license for 90 days, \$100 to victim restitution fund. Accident, injury or death will increase penalties. Class B misdemeanor for alcohol. Drugs penalties according to schedule.
MIP - It is illegal for minors (under 21) to buy, possess (even hold) or drink alcohol.	Up to 6 months imprisonment and/or \$1,000 fine. Class B misdemeanor.
Not-a-Drop - You are in violation if you are under 21, have consumed any amount of alcohol and are driving.	Lose license for 90 days, required substance abuse assessment, and may still face MIP laws.
Open Container - It is illegal to drink any alcoholic beverage while operating or as a passenger in a vehicle (parked or moving), or have an open container in a vehicle.	Up to 6 months imprisonment and/or \$1,000 fine. Class B misdemeanor.
Selling, furnishing, or supplying alcohol to a minor - You are in violation if you provide alcohol to a minor.	Up to 1 year imprisonment and/or up to \$2,500 fine. Class A misdemeanor.
Unlawful purchase, possession, or consumption by minors - It is unlawful for any person under the age of 21 years to purchase, possess, or consume any alcoholic beverage or product.	Up to 6 months imprisonment and/or \$1,000 fine, plus suspension of drivers license up to 1 year. Class B misdemeanor
Intoxication - A person is in violation if he or she is under the influence of intoxicating liquor or other substances to the degree that the person may endanger self or others in a public or private place and unreasonably disturb others.	Imprisonment in jail or detoxification center, if necessary, for protection of self or others. Class C misdemeanor. Up to 90 days imprisonment and/or up to \$750 fine.
Tobacco use or possession - It is unlawful for any person under the age of 19 to purchase or possess tobacco in any form.	Maximum \$750 fine. Class C misdemeanor.
Clean Air Act - Prohibits smoking in a public place, public meeting, or any government building (all buildings on USU campus).	Maximum \$750 fine. Class C misdemeanor.

Alcohol Health Risks

Possible Effects: Include psychological and physical addiction, respiratory depression, depression of immune system, increased risk of accidents, injury due to violence, heart disease, cancer, hypertension, brain damage, impotence at high dosage levels, drunk driving crashes. In addition, alcohol use increases the risk of unwanted sex, unwanted pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, and acquaintance/date rape. Mothers who drink during pregnancy may give birth to infants with Fetal Alcohol Syndrome. These infants have irreversible physical abnormalities and mental retardation. Research indicates that children of alcoholic parents are at greater risk than other people of becoming alcoholics.

Withdrawal Symptoms: Repeated alcohol use can lead to dependence. Sudden cessation is likely to produce withdrawal symptoms including severe anxiety, tremors, hallucinations, and convulsions. Alcohol withdrawal can be life threatening. Long-term consumption of large quantities of alcohol, combined with poor nutrition, can also lead to permanent vital organ damage.

Effects of Overdose: Very high doses cause respiratory depression and death. If combined with other depressants of the central nervous system, much lower doses of alcohol will produce the effects just described.

Where To Go For Help:

Student Wellness Center Counseling Center
UI 127, 797-1010 TSC 306, 797-1012

StudentHealth Center
TSC 102, 797-1660

* For community resources and information on other laws pertaining to campus environment, contact the Student Wellness Center. All assessment and personal support services are confidential!

TYPE OF DRUG "Controlled Substance Act"	HEALTH RISKS	EFFECTS OF OVERDOSE	FEDERAL LAWS To possess or possess with intent to sell: To manufacture, sell, and/or deliver	UTAH LAWS Penalties* To possess	UTAH LAWS Penalties* To possess with intent to sell
Schedule 1: NARCOTICS such as heroin. HALLUCINOGENS such as LSD, mescaline, and peyote.	Psychological and physical addiction; Depression, withdrawal symptoms, convulsions, unpredictable behavior with hallucinogens, coma, possible damage to unborn fetus.	Slow and shallow breathing, cold and clammy skin, convulsions, coma. Longer, more intense "trip" episodes, psychosis, possible death.	Penalty depends on drug and amount. 5-40 years to 10 years to life. Maximum fine: \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000. If death or serious injury occurs, 20 years to life.	Up to 5 years and/or up to \$5,000 fine. 3rd Degree Felony.	From 1-15 years and/or \$10,000 fine. 2nd Degree Felony.
Schedule 2: NARCOTICS such as opium, morphine, methadone, and codeine; Depressants such as methaqualone (qualude) and some barbiturates; Stimulants such as cocaine and some amphetamines; and phencyclidine (PCP) a hallucinogen.	Psychological and physical addiction; withdrawal symptoms, convulsions, respiratory failure, frequent accidents, possible damage to unborn fetus. Cocaine and amphetamines increase blood pressure which can lead to irregular heartbeat and death. Amphetamines can cause agitation, increase in body temperature, hallucinations, convulsions, possible death.	Shallow respiration, dilated pupils, weak and rapid pulse, coma, slow and shallow breathing, cold and clammy skin, convulsions, possible death.	Penalty depends on drug and amount. 5-40 years to 10 years to life. Maximum fine: \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000. If death or serious injury occurs, 20 years to life.	Up to 5 years and/or up to \$5,000 fine. 3rd Degree Felony.	From 1-15 years and/or \$10,000 fine. 2nd Degree Felony.
Schedule 3: STIMULANTS (including some amphetamines); Depressants (including some barbiturates); and some narcotics.	Psychological and physical addiction; potential liver damage, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, disorientation, shallow breathing, cold and clammy skin, coma, possible death; withdrawal symptoms include anxiety, tremors, insomnia, convulsions, possible damage to unborn fetus.	Agitation, increase in body temperature, hallucinations, convulsions, possible death.	All drugs, any amount. Maximum penalty 5 years/\$250,000.	Up to 6 months and/or up to \$1,000 fine. Class B misdemeanor.	Up to 5 years and/or up to \$5,000 fine. 3rd Degree Felony.
Schedule 4: DEPRESSANTS including the benzodiazepines (e.g., valium, librium, and diamane), chloralhydrate, some barbiturates, and others (e.g., equanil, miltown, placidyl); some stimulants, and narcotics.	Psychological and physical addiction; nausea, drowsiness, withdrawal symptoms, abdominal and muscle cramps, anxiety, tremors, insomnia, convulsions, possible death, possible damage to unborn fetus.	Shallow respiration, cold and clammy skin, dilated pupils, weak and rapid pulse, coma, agitation, increase in body temperature, hallucinations, convulsions, possible death.	All drugs, any amount. Maximum penalty 3 years/\$250,000.	Up to 6 months and/or up to \$1,000 fine. Class B misdemeanor.	Up to 5 Years and/or up to \$5,000 fine. 3rd Degree Felony.
Schedule 5: Chemical compounds with smaller quantities of certain substances (e.g., opium, codeine) than drugs included in schedules 1-4.	Psychological and physical addiction; nausea, gastrointestinal symptoms, drowsiness, withdrawal symptoms including runny nose, watery eyes, panic, chills, cramps, irritability, possible damage to unborn fetus.	Slow and shallow breathing, cold and clammy skin, convulsions, coma, longer, more intense "trip" episodes, psychosis, possible death.	All drugs, any amount. Maximum penalty 1 year/\$1,000,000.	Up to 6 months and/or up to \$1,000 fine. Class B misdemeanor.	Up to 1 year and/or up to \$2,500 fine. Class A misdemeanor.
Marijuana: Marijuana, hashish-oil, THC (tetrahydrocannabinol).	Psychological and physical addiction; increased risk of lung cancer, bronchitis and emphysema; contributes to heart disease, fatigue, paranoia, possible psychosis; withdrawal symptoms including insomnia, hyperactivity and decreased appetite; depression of the immune system; decreased sperm count in men and irregular ovulation in women; possible sperm and ovum damage.	Fatigue, paranoia, possible psychosis.	Marijuana under 50 kg., maximum 5 years/\$250,000. 50-100 kg., maximum 20 years/\$1,000,000. 100-1,000 kg., maximum 5-40 years/\$2,000,000. Over 1,000 kg., minimum 10 years to life/ \$4,000,000. Hashish/oil: Under 100 kg., penalties differ from like quantities of marijuana.	Under 1 oz. up to 6 months and/or up to \$1,000 fine. Class B misdemeanor. 1-16 oz. up to 1 year and/or up to \$2,500 fine. Class A misdemeanor. 16 oz.+ but less than 100 lbs. up to 5 years and/or \$5,000 fine. 3rd Degree Felony Over 100 lbs determined to be for distribution.	Up to 5 years and/or up to \$5,000 fine. 3rd Degree Felony 1-15 years and/or up to \$10,000 fine
* All penalties enhance one degree if incident occurs within 100 feet of a school, church, stadium, theatre, sports complex, etc.					

Note: This is not a complete listing of health risks. Any drug use (including alcohol) increases the risk of impaired learning, accidents, violence, injuries, acquaintance rape, unwanted pregnancies, and sexually transmitted diseases. For more information, contact your physician, pharmacist, or the Student Wellness Center.