

## Presentation Exercise: Chapter 3

What is the dominant vowel at the end of the base of most second-declension nouns? \_\_\_\_\_

True or False. The dominant vowel in second declension will dominate second-declension endings the same way *-a-* dominates first declension.

Supply the correct answers for second-declension masculine nouns in the chart below.

			SINGULAR
Ending	<i>fili-</i>	Translation	
Nom	___/___	_____	_____
Gen	_____	_____	_____
Dat	_____	_____	_____
Acc	_____	_____	_____
Abl	_____	_____	_____

			PLURAL
Ending	<i>fili-</i>	Translation	
Nom	_____	_____	_____
Gen	_____	_____	_____
Dat	_____	_____	_____
Acc	_____	_____	_____
Abl	_____	_____	_____

Provide the base of the following second-declension nouns:

*puer, pueri* \_\_\_\_\_      *liber, libri* \_\_\_\_\_      *ager, agri* \_\_\_\_\_

Provide the vocative singular form of the following second-declension nouns:

*Marcus* \_\_\_\_\_      *tyrannus* \_\_\_\_\_      *Vergilius* \_\_\_\_\_

*puer* \_\_\_\_\_

Fill in the Blank. The grammatical principle in which one noun specifies another is called \_\_\_\_\_.

Circle the appositive in the following sentences:

1. There goes Caesar, the general.
2. An honest person tells the truth, the greatest weapon of righteousness.
3. Here's my wife, my beloved darling.

True or False. Latin appositives, unlike English appositives, do not have to be next to or near the noun they specify.

Multiple Choice. Latin appositives agree in:

- a. gender                      b. number                      c. case                      d. tense

Circle the appositive in this Latin sentence: *Fama, ira magna, populum non servat.*

Multiple Choice. Which of the following is the correct Latin word order?

- a. *Puer videt pecuniam.*
- b. *Pecuniam videt puer.*
- c. *Puer pecuniam videt.*
- d. all of the above

## VOCABULARY

Complete the information about the vocabulary items discussed in the presentation. For OTHER INFORMATION, include elements such as the word's base.

<b>WORD</b>	<b>MEANING/S</b>	<b>OTHER INFORMATION</b>
AMICUS:	_____	_____
FILIUS:	_____	_____
NUMERUS:	_____	_____
POPULUS:	_____	_____
PUER:	_____	_____
SAPIENTIA:	_____	_____
VIR:	_____	_____
PAUCI:	_____	_____
ROMANUS:	_____	_____
DE:	_____	_____
IN:	_____	_____
SEMPER:	_____	_____
HABEO:	_____	_____

Decline and translate *numerus magnus*.

Base of *numerus* \_\_\_\_\_

Base of *magnus* \_\_\_\_\_

**SINGULAR**

	Form of <i>numerus magnus</i>	Translation
Nom	_____	_____
Gen	_____	_____
Dat	_____	_____
Acc	_____	_____
Abl	_____	_____
Voc	_____	_____

**PLURAL**

	Form of <i>numerus magnus</i>	Translation
Nom	_____	_____
Gen	_____	_____
Dat	_____	_____
Acc	_____	_____
Abl	_____	_____
Voc	_____	_____