

# **Interactive Linked Micromap Plots with "nViZn", on the Web, and with S-Plus**

**Jürgen Symanzik**

**Utah State University, Logan, UT, USA**

**\*e-mail: [symanzik@math.usu.edu](mailto:symanzik@math.usu.edu)**

**WWW: <http://www.math.usu.edu/~symanzik>**

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- Introduction of Micromaps
- EPA's Cumulative Exposure Project (1998/1999)
- Micromaps with nVizN (2000-2003)
- Micromaps at USDA-NASS (9/1999)
- Micromaps at NCI (4/2003-...)
- Micromaps for the West Nile Virus (2003-...)
- French Micromaps with S-Plus (2005-...)

## Micromaps

- Link of row-labeled univariate (or multivariate) statistical summaries to corresponding geographical region
- Focus on statistical display and not on maps
- Useful for
  - environmental data
  - agricultural data
  - medical data
  - economical data

## History of Micromaps

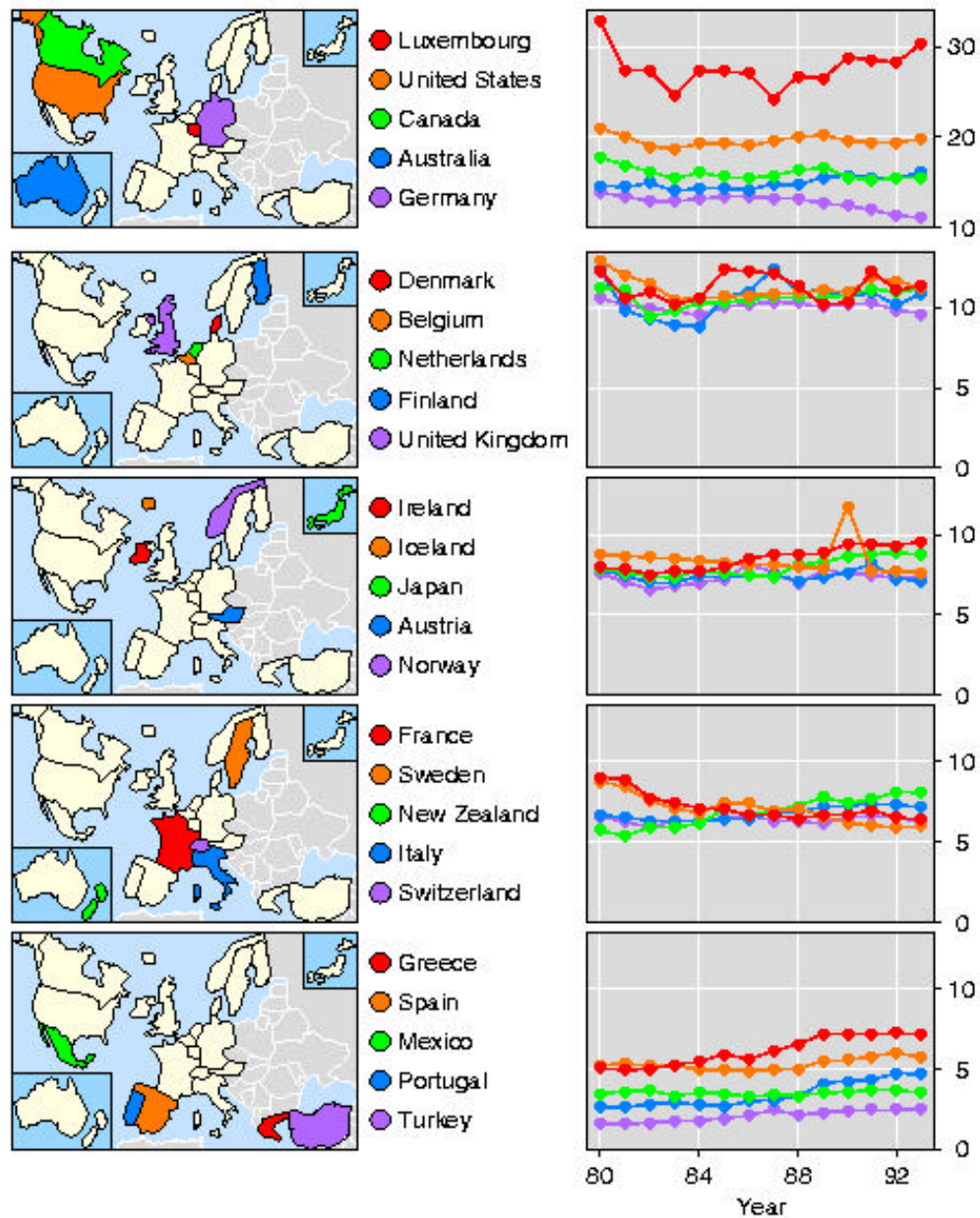
- First presented at 1995 American Statistical Association's annual meeting (Olsen, Carr, Courbois, Pierson)
- First references:
  - Carr, Pierson (1996) Emphasizing Statistical Summaries ... with Micromaps, Stat. Computing & Stat. Graphics Newsletter, 7(3)
  - Carr, Olsen, Courbois, Pierson, Carr (1998) Linked Micromap Plots ..., Stat. Computing & Stat. Graphics Newsletter, 9(1)

## Micromap Examples

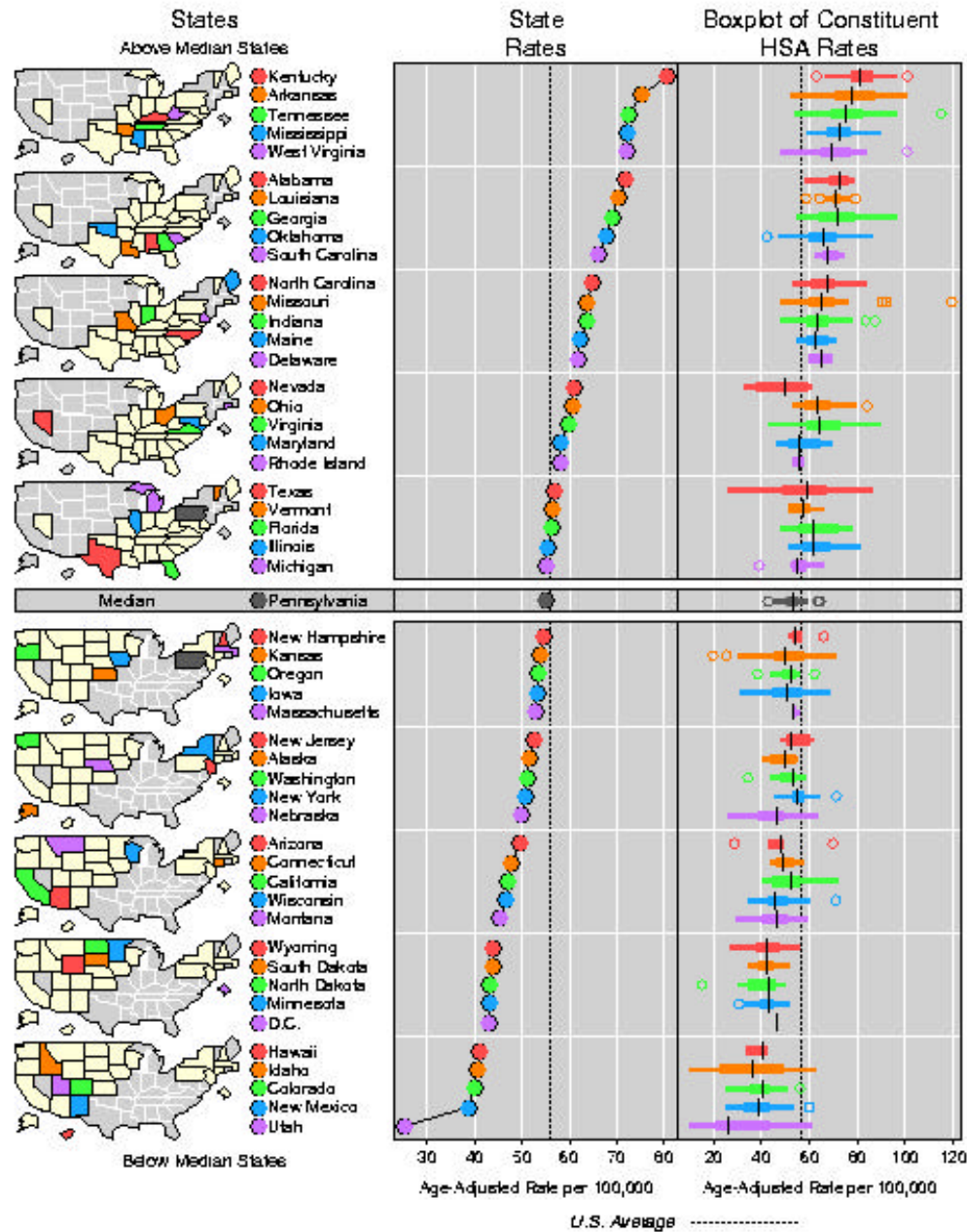
- Dan Carr's S-Plus functions available at
  - <ftp://galaxy.gmu.edu/pub/dcarr/newsletter/micromap/>
  - <ftp://galaxy.gmu.edu/pub/dcarr/newsletter/lmplots/>
- First 2 examples borrowed from Dan Carr

## Annual CO2 Emissions From Energy Use

Units = Tons Per Person



# Lung Cancer Mortality Rates By State White Males, 1988-1992



# EPA's Cumulative Exposure Project (CEP)

- Conducted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Office of Policy
- Collection of analyses, addressing multiple pollutants from multiple sites (1998/1999)
- National analyses of
  - Air Toxics (Outdoor Concentrations)
  - Food Contaminants (Exposures)
  - Drinking Water Contaminants (Exposures)

## Scope of Modeling

- 188 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) in Clean Air Act
- 148 HAPs modeled for 1990
- Modeled concentrations for each census tract in continental US ( $> 60,000$ )
- Includes stationary and mobile sources of air toxics emissions
- Uncertainty bounds derived from model-monitor comparisons

# Web-based Access of HAP Data

## ■ Goals:

- Concise display
- Easy access
- Understandable to non-statistical audience

## ■ Solution via:

- Web
- Graphics Production Library (GPL)
- Micromaps

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Symanzik, Carr, Axelrad, Wang, Wong, Woodruff (1999): Interactive Tables and Maps - A Glance at EPA's Cumulative Exposure Project Web Page, Proceedings of the Section on Statistical Graphics, ASA, 94-99.

- HOME
- AIR
- FOOD
- DRINKING WATER
- ABOUT THE PROJECT
- WHAT'S NEW
- RESOURCES
- COMMUNITY-SPECIFIC STUDY  
GREENPOINT/  
WILLIAMSBURG



## CUMULATIVE EXPOSURE

P R O J E C T

EPA's Cumulative Exposure Project (CEP) is examining how much toxic contamination Americans are exposed to cumulatively through air, food, and drinking water. The study will estimate exposure levels for different communities and demographic groups nationwide, and identify which types of communities and demographic groups appear to have the highest exposures. The Cumulative Exposure Project is being conducted by EPA's Office of Policy.



### [About the Project](#)

#### W H A T ' S N E W ?

[Modeled 1990 air toxics concentrations are now available.](#)

[[Cumulative Exposure Project Home](#) | [EPA Home](#) | [Search](#) | [What's new](#)]

<http://www.epa.gov/CumulativeExposure/index.htm>

*last updated 12/3/98*

Please send comments about this page to [axelrad.daniel@epa.gov](mailto:axelrad.daniel@epa.gov)

<http://www.epa.gov/CumulativeExposure> (no longer active)



Internet Lookup New&Cool

Bookmarks Location: <http://www.galaxy.gmu.edu/~symanzik/gpl/CEPstart/DATAstartful>

HOME

AIR

[Introduction to the 1990 Air Toxics Data](#)

[Summary of the 1990 Air Toxics Data](#)

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[Plans for Updating the Estimates](#)

FOOD

Representation

Data Table

HAP

benzene

States

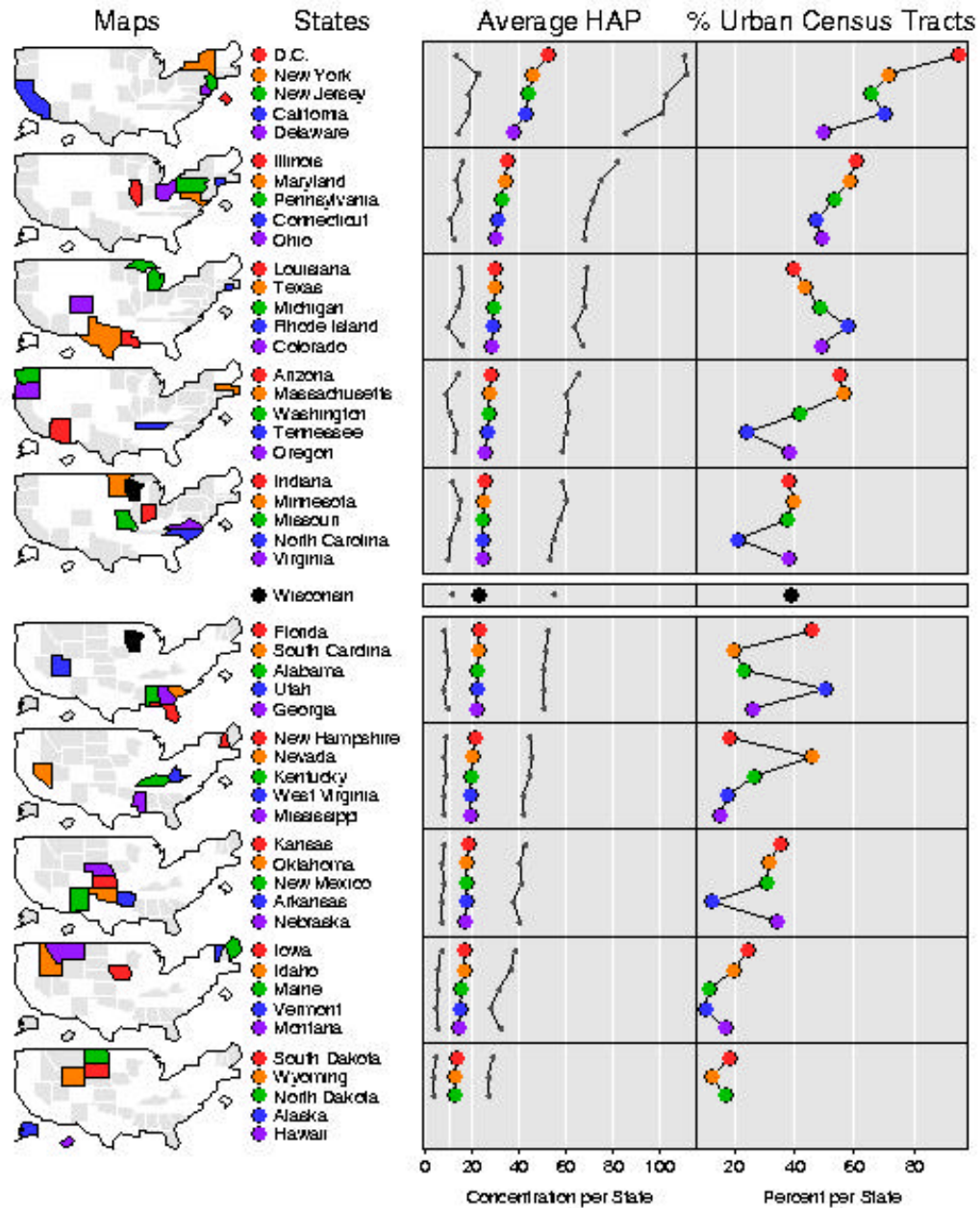
US

## United States – Summary

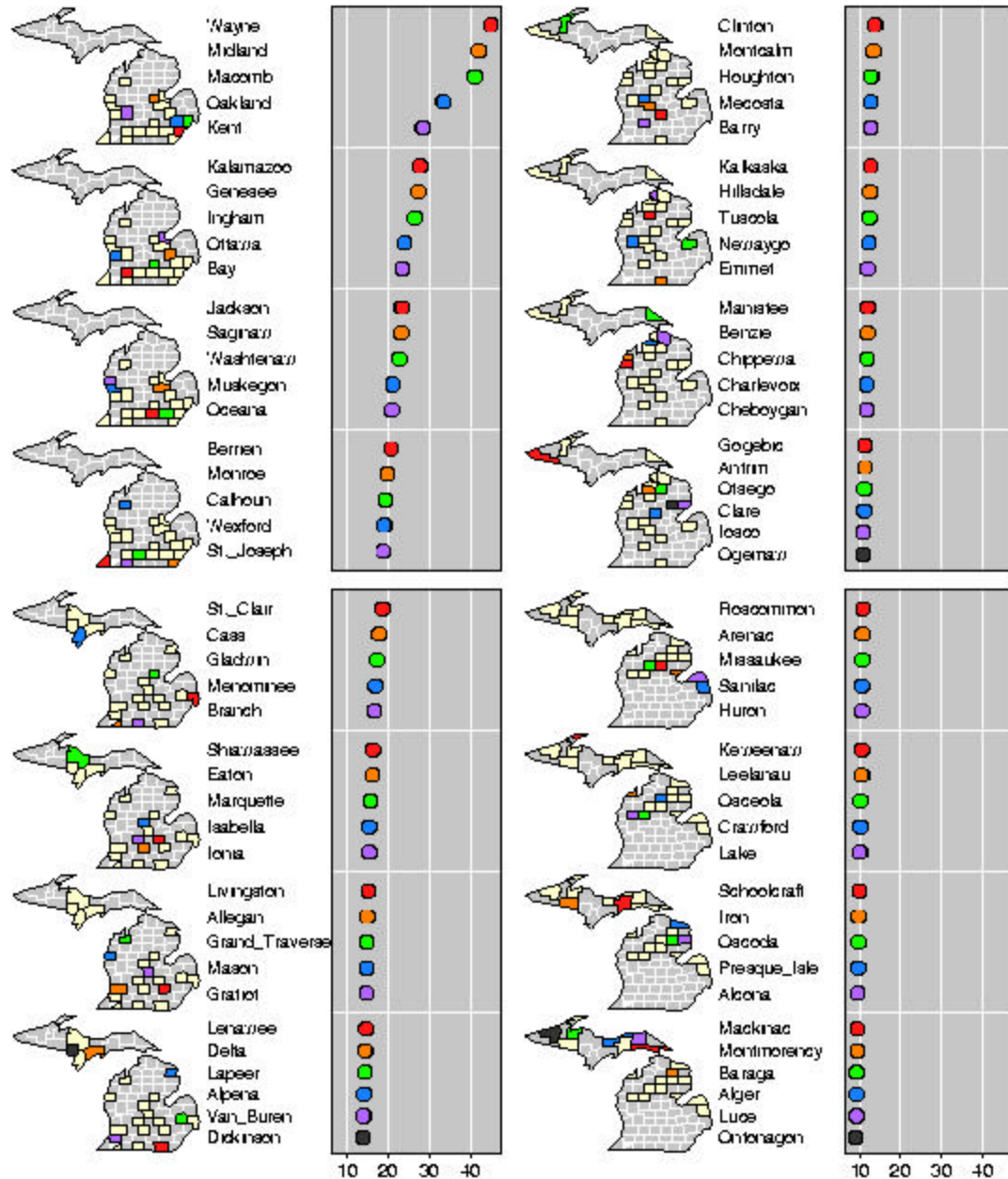
1990 Modeled Concentration of HAP benzene in  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

▲State▼	▲Tracts▼	▲Mean▼	▲Median▼	▲Min▼	▲P25▼	▲P75▼	▲Max▼
<a href="#">United States</a>	60803	2.05	1.60	0.48	0.89	2.66	78.80
<a href="#">Alabama</a>	1062	1.40	1.02	0.55	0.72	1.77	14.38
<a href="#">Arizona</a>	810	1.90	1.84	0.48	0.97	2.69	12.68
<a href="#">Arkansas</a>	593	1.03	0.73	0.50	0.59	1.10	12.26
<a href="#">California</a>	5858	2.98	2.71	0.48	1.71	4.09	14.62
<a href="#">Colorado</a>	979	2.01	1.65	0.48	0.80	2.54	17.37
<a href="#">Connecticut</a>	834	2.13	1.80	0.69	1.31	2.64	6.69
<a href="#">Delaware</a>	175	2.86	2.49	0.74	1.16	3.82	20.61
<a href="#">District of Columbia</a>	192	2.97	2.75	1.53	2.38	3.26	5.60
<a href="#">Florida</a>	2448	1.60	1.42	0.49	0.92	2.09	8.71
<a href="#">Georgia</a>	1470	1.48	1.10	0.55	0.77	1.94	6.56
<a href="#">Idaho</a>	269	1.36	1.08	0.56	0.74	1.72	5.01
<a href="#">Illinois</a>	2841	1.94	1.76	0.53	1.03	2.64	16.95
<a href="#">Indiana</a>	1383	1.50	1.25	0.54	0.78	1.99	6.80
<a href="#">Iowa</a>	784	0.93	0.74	0.50	0.54	1.21	4.30
<a href="#">Kansas</a>	684	1.04	0.85	0.48	0.56	1.47	4.15
<a href="#">Kentucky</a>	997	1.24	0.85	0.56	0.65	1.60	11.58
<a href="#">Louisiana</a>	1105	2.26	1.87	0.50	0.91	3.03	35.66
<a href="#">Maine</a>	384	1.07	0.74	0.49	0.61	1.01	6.55
<a href="#">Maryland</a>	1151	2.29	1.94	0.54	1.24	2.76	16.88
<a href="#">Massachusetts</a>	1331	1.95	1.67	0.59	1.16	2.40	21.61
<a href="#">Michigan</a>	2550	1.85	1.51	0.48	0.87	2.56	18.15

## Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) 1990 Annual Average Per State



### Michigan - Modeled 1990 Air Toxics Concentrations



# Death of the CEP

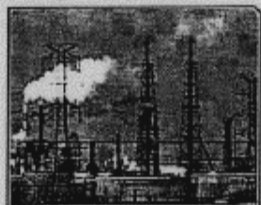
NATIONAL

[← back to NEWS](#)

## Is House Paint Killing Us?

- *Industry May Not Be The Only Polluter*
- *Toxins Lurk In House Paint And Lawn Mowers*
- *But Some Question Validity Of Data*

UNION COUNTY, New Jersey  
Saturday, February 20, 1999 - 08:44 PM ET



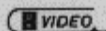
CBS

(CBS) Breathing can be hazardous to your health. A groundbreaking study by the Environmental Protection Agency has found that virtually every American is inhaling unsafe levels of chemicals,

reports CBS News Correspondent Jeffrey Kofman.

The study looked beyond high-profile pollution problems like lead and carbon monoxide, testing for 148 toxins that haven't been examined closely before. It found unsafe levels of at least eight cancer-causing chemicals virtually everywhere in America.

"It's almost: We found the problem, and it's us."  
Robert Shinn,  
New Jersey environmental commissioner

 VIDEO  
CBS News  
Correspondent  
Jeffrey Kofman  
Reports

## Living On Earth TOP STORY

### EPA Air Pollution Study Put On Hold

Air Date: Week of January 22, 1999

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CURWOOD: This is Living on Earth. I'm Steve Curwood. The results of a groundbreaking new Federal study of air pollution might have been available at the click of a button. But they're not, because of objections from the nation's mayors. The Environmental Protection Agency's Cumulative Exposure Project is looking at airborne toxic chemicals. So far it has found that at least 8 of these chemicals are present at dangerous levels in every neighborhood in the continental US. The EPA was ready to post the city-by-city results on their Web site last month, but it decided not to, after the Conference of Mayors questioned the findings, saying they were based on untested models and old data. Scott Allen covers the environment for the Boston Globe. He says the report's conclusions are disturbing.

ALLEN: If you are living anywhere in the United States and taking a breath as we speak, you're getting at least an 8 in a million lifetime cancer risk of exposure from what you're breathing. That may not sound like a whole lot, but when you multiply it over a city's population, a couple million people living in a city or 5 million people in a state, it adds up to hundreds and thousands of cancers spread across a lot of people. And you have to also consider that there are some places, in fact about 10% of the United States, has got a significantly higher risk of cancer from the toxic chemicals in the air. Their risk is at least one in 10,000. And that means in any small town in America, practically, 1 or 2 people are getting cancer from breathing the air. Not any special pollution, but just the regular everyday air.

CBS, 2/20/1999

NPR, 1/22/99

## nViZn

- Follow-up to the GPL
- JAVA-based software development kit (SDK) for the creation and modification of interactive statistical graphics applications (tables, charts, micromaps, ...)
- *<http://www.spss.com/nvizn>*
- Related book “The Grammar of Graphics” by Leland Wilkinson

## nViZn Features

- Follows guidelines of modern statistical graphics with analytics completed within the SDK
- Interactive abilities include dynamic data filtering, brushing/linking, mouse roll-overs, pan-and-zoom, drill-down, 3-D rotation, and animation

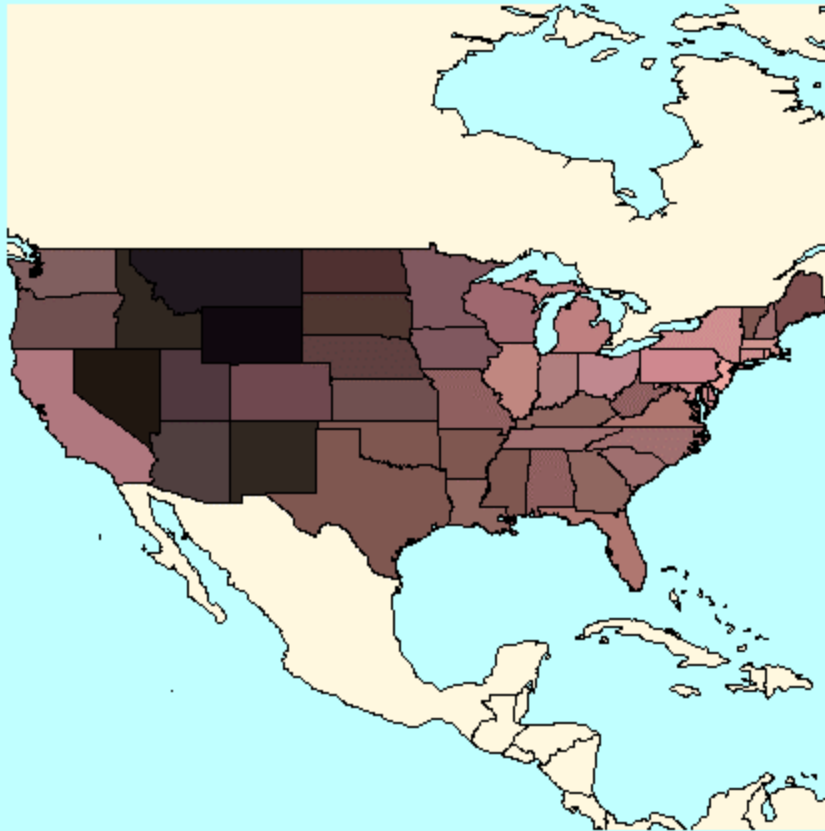
## Micromaps with nViZn

- Hierarchical clickable micromaps and tables for the display of Federal statistical data
  - Micromaps and tables under nViZn
  - Clickable maps and tables
  - Hierarchy of maps and tables
  - Selection of variables
  - Use of EPA HAP data for demo purposes

**Pennsylvania: 1990 Modeled Benzene Concentrations  
Upper Half**

	Minimum	Mean	Maximum	Quartile1	Median	Quartile3
Philadelphia	2.79	5.75	15.9	4.19	5.16	6.44
Delaware	1.98	3.76	18.91	2.69	3.21	4.13
York	0.94	2.96	12.07	1.23	1.72	3.9
Dauphin	0.92	2.79	6.17	1.54	2.63	3.61
Lancaster	0.91	2.68	10.38	1.26	1.92	3.39
Allegheny	1.18	2.68	8.74	2.01	2.58	3.07
Montgomery	1.24	2.45	4.24	2.0	2.43	2.86
Cumberland	0.87	2.42	7.4	1.12	2.33	2.74
Centre	0.64	2.4	9.82	0.72	1.31	3.56
Beaver	1.0	2.09	4.63	1.19	1.81	2.79
Bucks	1.14	2.08	14.34	1.74	2.01	2.22
Berks	0.88	2.07	5.71	1.22	1.96	2.73
Lehigh	0.82	2.03	4.4	1.42	1.94	2.51
Lycoming	0.6	1.93	5.92	0.75	1.03	2.91
Chester	0.96	1.91	5.66	1.34	1.77	2.11
Lebanon	1.01	1.86	3.4	1.21	1.44	2.46
Blair	0.72	1.86	4.39	0.97	1.81	2.45
Northumberland	0.79	1.75	3.02	0.88	1.82	2.79
Franklin	0.76	1.75	3.71	0.93	1.06	3.12
Westmoreland	0.72	1.73	4.87	1.08	1.49	2.21
Luzerne	0.7	1.69	4.06	0.98	1.59	2.31
Northampton	0.94	1.68	2.9	1.3	1.65	1.98
Mifflin	0.75	1.67	3.96	0.81	0.9	2.78
Washington	0.74	1.63	4.47	1.01	1.2	2.29
Butler	0.71	1.57	4.8	0.96	1.09	1.83
Mercer	0.68	1.52	2.55	0.87	1.35	2.17
Columbia	0.7	1.52	3.64	0.8	0.96	2.12
Cambria	0.69	1.51	4.07	0.79	1.14	2.13
Lawrence	0.83	1.46	2.71	0.96	1.3	1.86
Lackawanna	0.77	1.42	2.08	1.14	1.44	1.68
Schuylkill	0.76	1.4	3.36	0.87	1.04	1.79
Adams	0.8	1.36	3.95	0.95	1.01	1.43
Union	0.7	1.35	3.94	0.8	0.84	1.26
Venango	0.61	1.31	3.86	0.69	0.86	1.57

### Hazardous Air Pollutants



LEAD

0.06  
0.055  
0.05  
0.045  
0.04  
0.035  
0.03  
0.025  
0.02

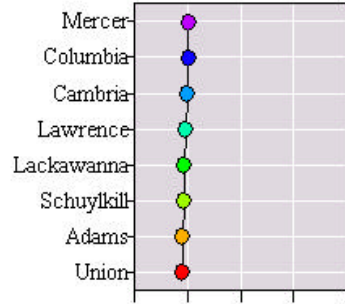
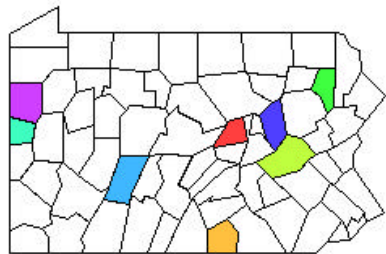
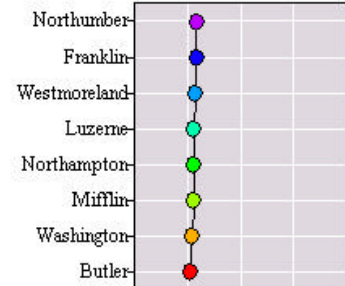
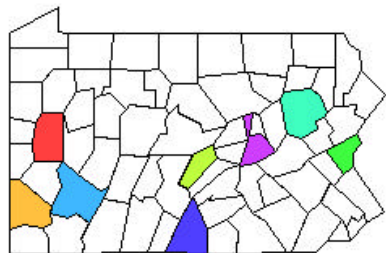
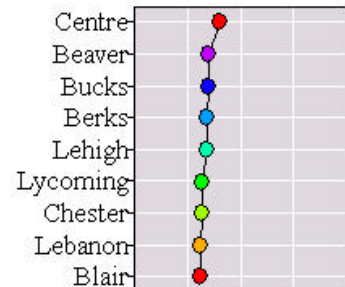
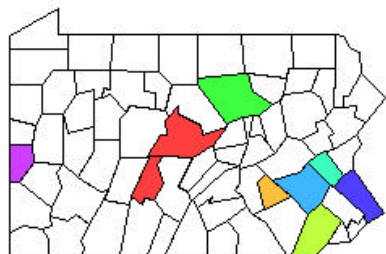
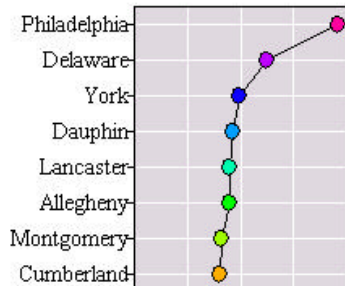
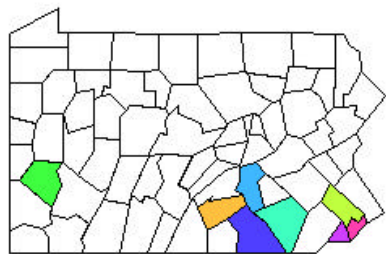
- Root
  - Africa
  - Antartic
  - Asia
  - Central America
  - Europe
  - North America
    - United States
      - Continental US
        - New England
        - Mid Atlantic
        - Great Lakes
        - Plains
        - Southeast
        - South
        - Mountain
        - Pacific
      - Greater US
    - Canada
    - Greenland
  - Pacific
  - South America
  - Ussr

Choose Variable

LEAD

**Pennsylvania: Upper Half**

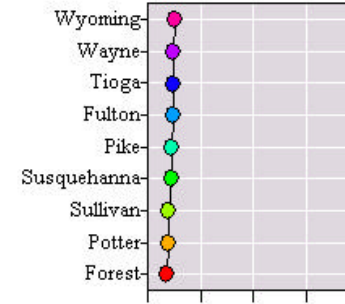
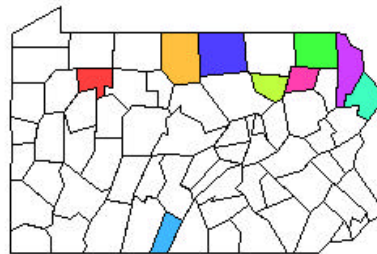
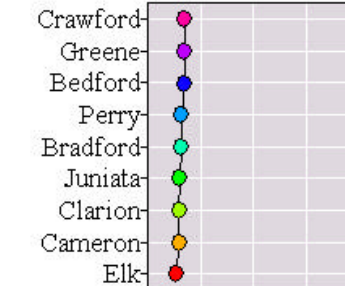
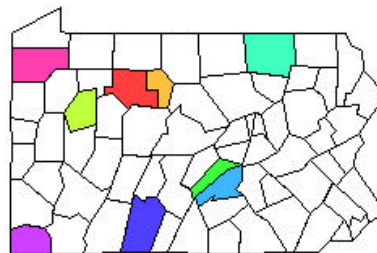
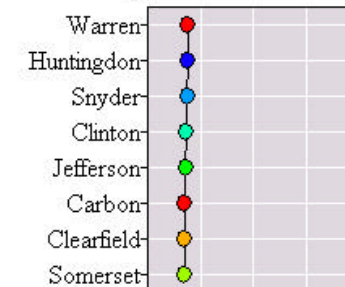
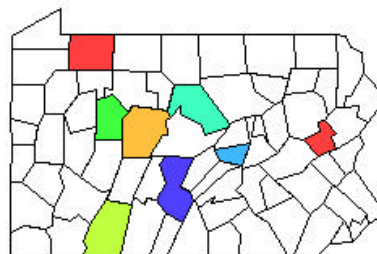
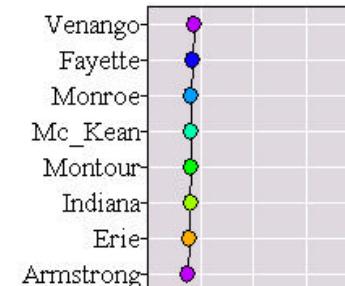
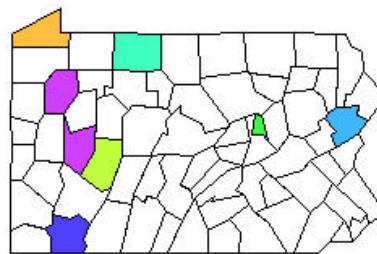
**1990 Modeled Benzene Concentrations**



0 1.5 3 4.5 6

**Pennsylvania: Lower Half**

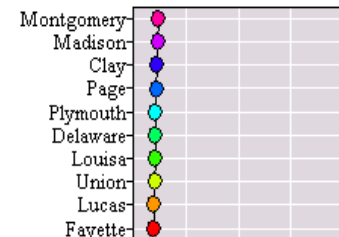
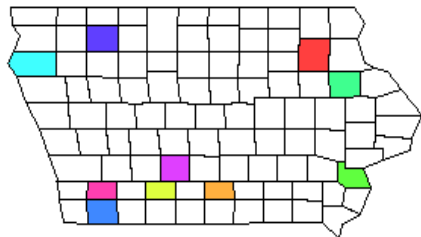
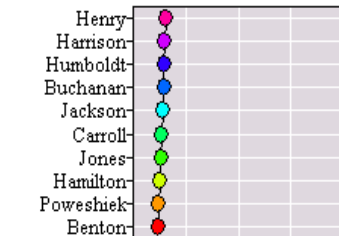
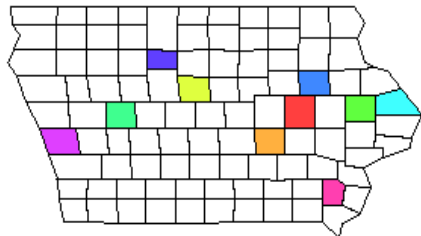
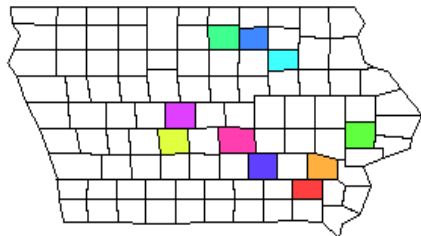
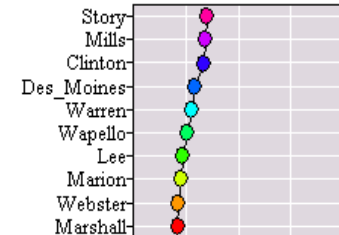
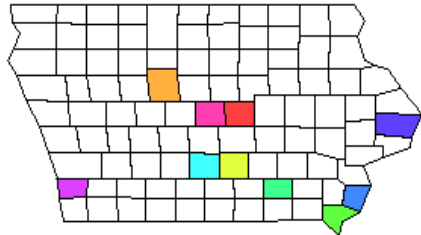
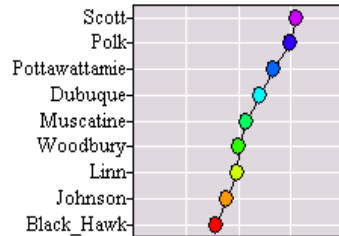
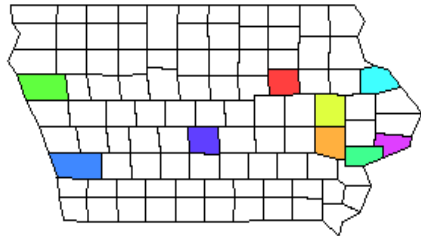
**1990 Modeled Benzene Concentrations**



0 1.5 3 4.5 6

Iowa: Upper Half

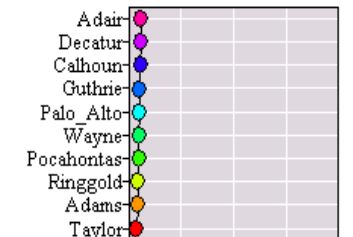
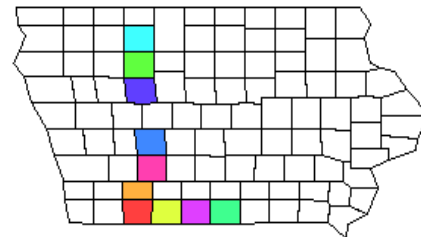
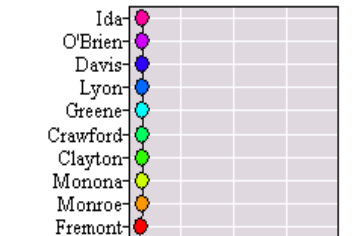
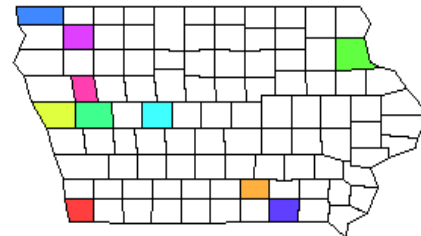
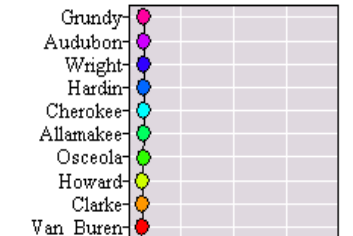
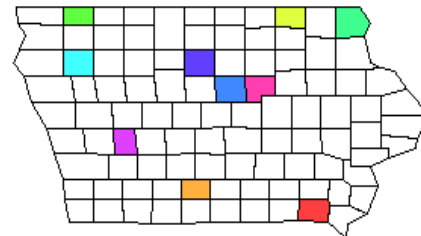
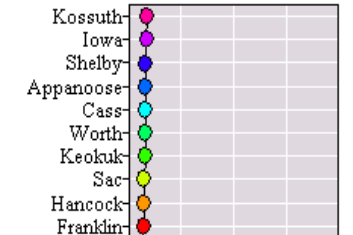
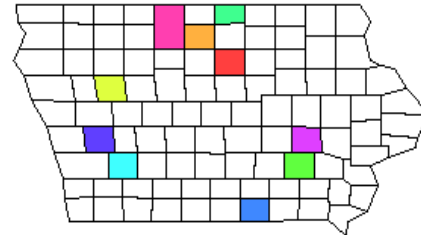
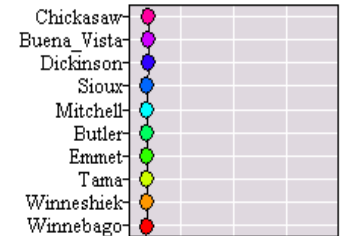
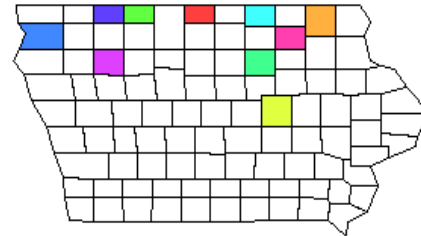
1990 Modeled  
Lead  
Concentrations



0 0.15 0.3 0.45 0.6

Iowa: Lower Half

1990 Modeled  
Lead  
Concentrations



0 0.15 0.3 0.45 0.6

## Completed Work

- Interactive displays: Queries & meta data
- Access of multiple micromaps and tables through main display
- Scrollable maps and tables
-  Demo

## Possible Future Work with nViZn

- Final goal: Hierarchical clickable micromaps and tables for the display of Federal statistical data
  - Hierarchy of maps and tables
  - Full selection of variables
  - Sorting w.r.t. multiple criteria
  - Access to Federal data base

## Advantages of nViZn

- New versions released every few months
- Training courses offered by SPSS
- Good communication with users
- Might become a very useful tool to deliver interactive statistical graphics on the Web
- Huge potential for use with Federal statistical data

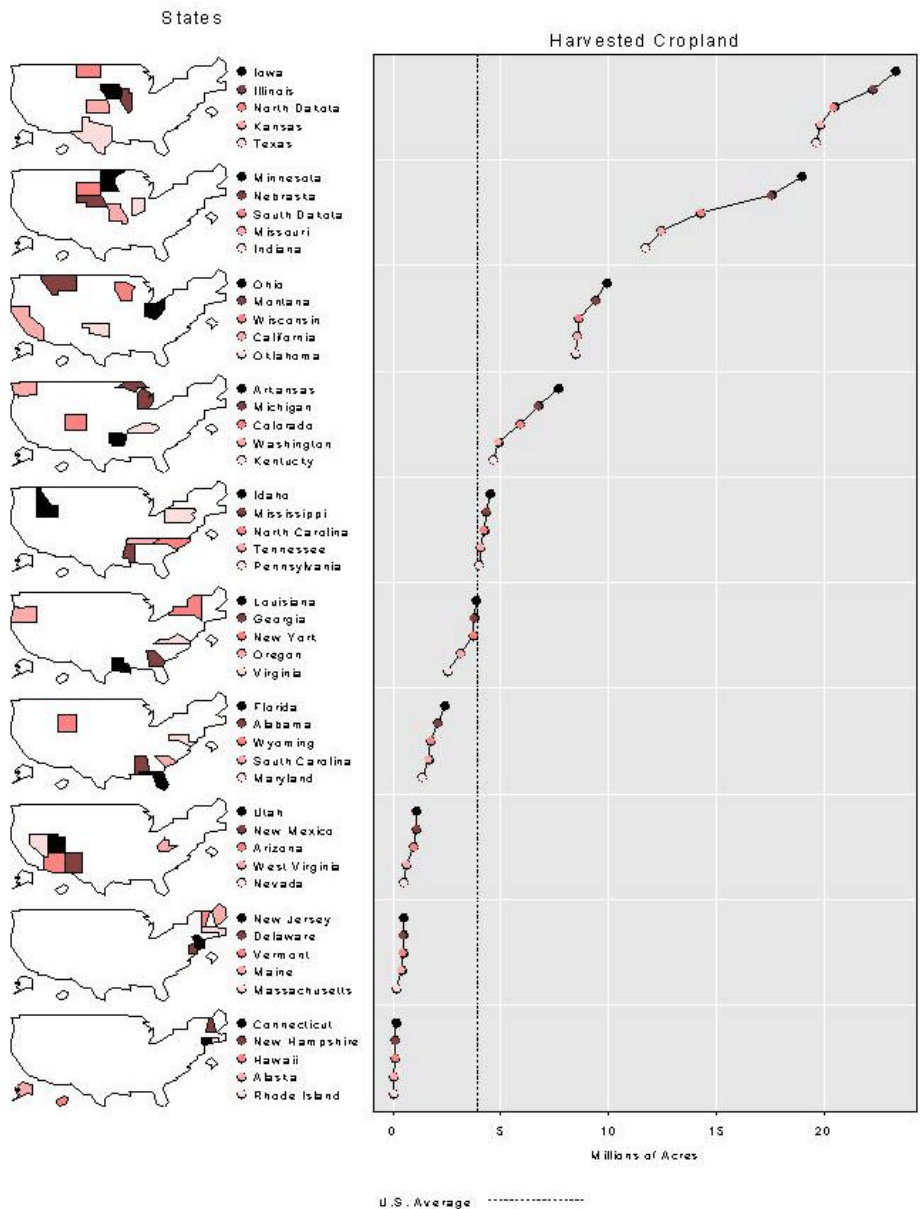
## Disdvantages of nViZn

- Little documentation available
- Good JAVA knowledge required
- Sensitive to browsers and plugins
- High cost
- Huge overhead of Java code when only micromaps are needed
- **Meanwhile . . .**

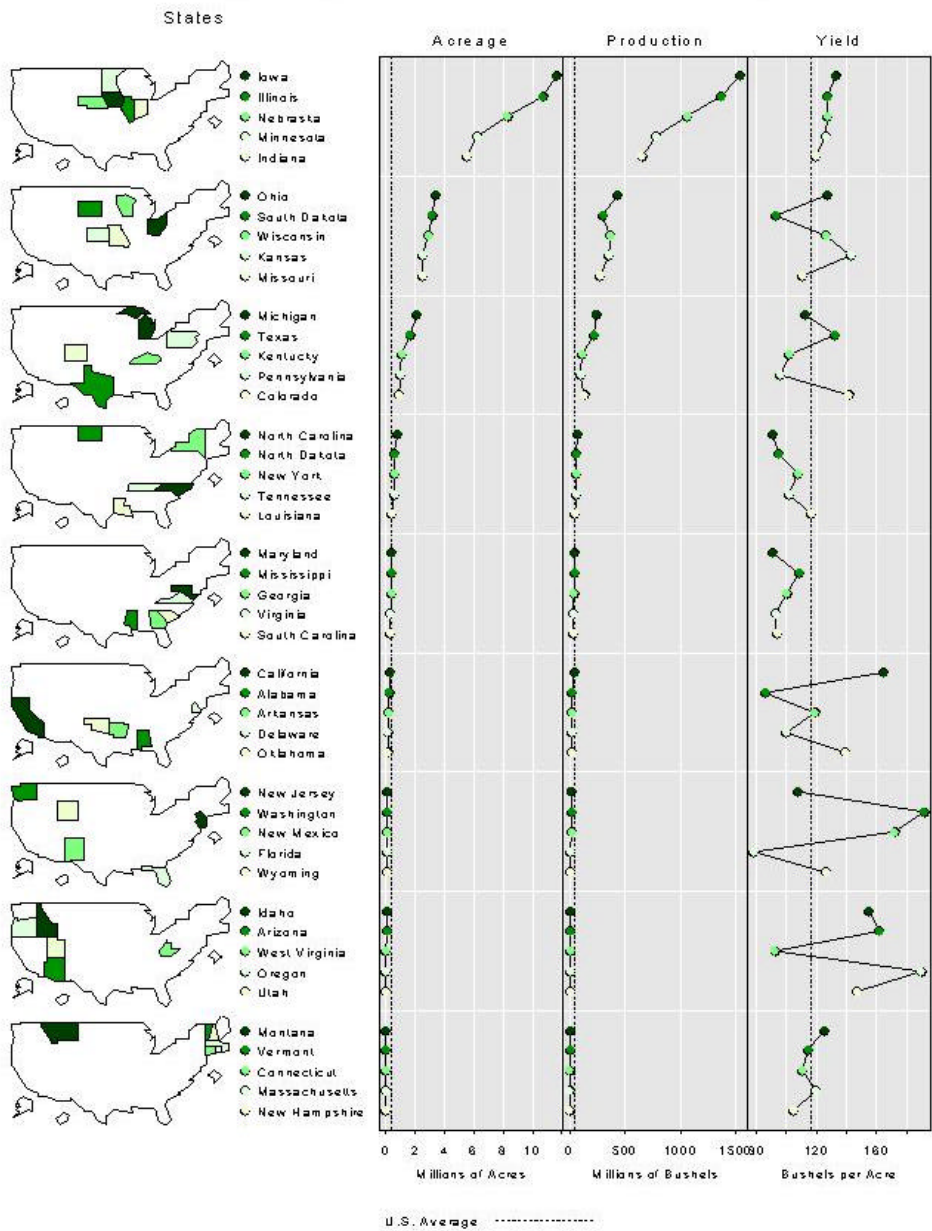
## Micromaps at USDA-NASS

- U.S. Department of Agriculture - National Agricultural Statistics Service (USDA-NASS)
- *<http://www.nass.usda.gov/research/sumpant.htm>*
- Released in September 1999
- 1997 Census of Agriculture:
  - Acreage, production, yield
  - Corn, soybeans, wheat, hay, cotton
- Pre-calculated micromaps

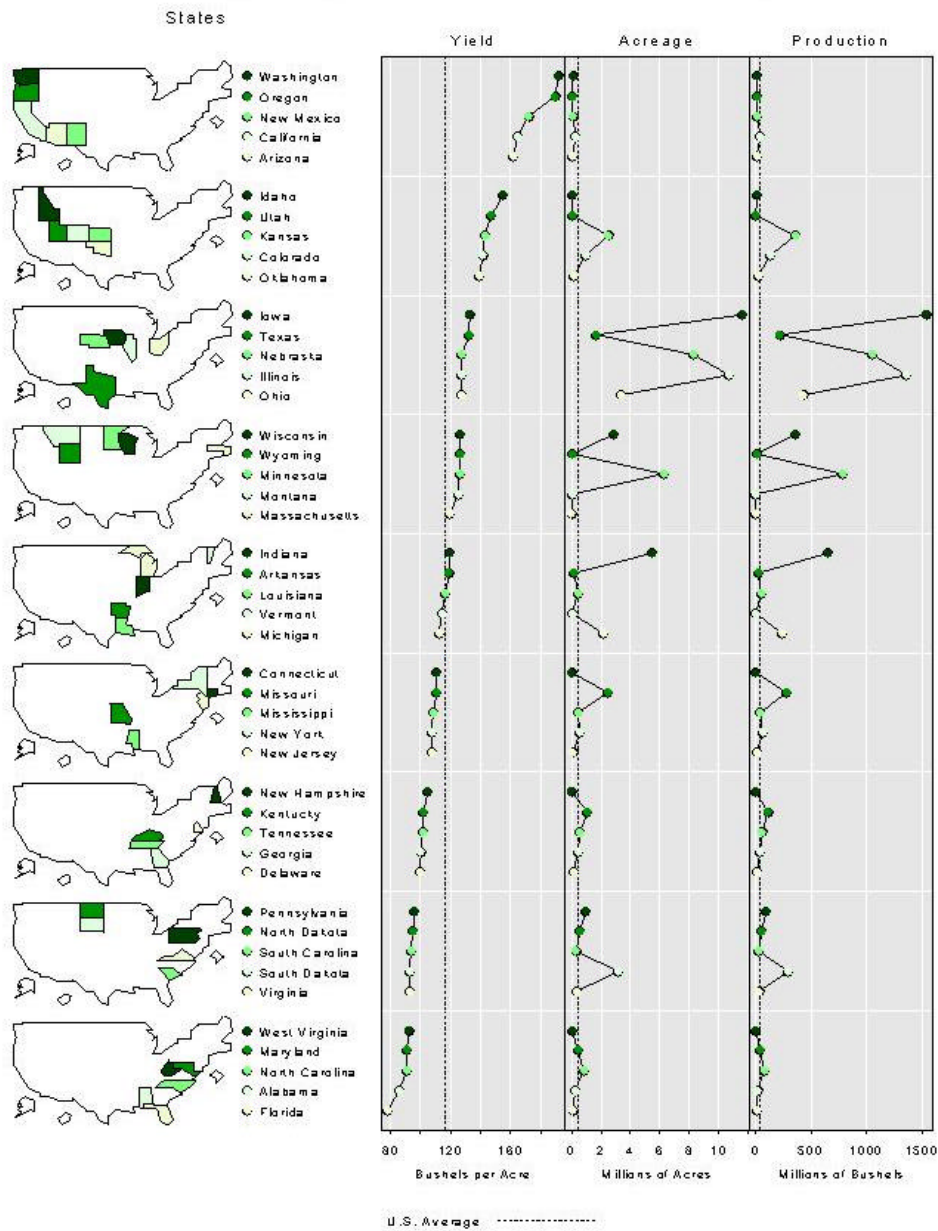
# Harvested Cropland by State, 1997 Census of Agriculture



# Corn Statistics by State, 1997 Census of Agriculture



# Corn Statistics by State, 1997 Census of Agriculture



## Micromaps at NCI

- National Cancer Institute (NCI)
- *<http://www.statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/micromaps>*
- Released in April 2003
- Cancer statistics:
  - Mortality and incidence counts and rates
  - Trends by sex and race/ethnicity
- Fully interactive
- Extensive usability testing

Wang, Chen, Carr, Bell, Pickle (2002): Geographic Statistics Visualization: Web-based Linked Micromap Plots, *Computing in Science & Engineering* 4(3):90-94.

**Left Column Data**

Area: US - state level

Data Group: Cancer Statistics

Cancer: Lung & Bronchus

Statistic: Incidence Rate

Race: All Races

Sex: Female

Age: All Ages

**Right Column Data (optional)**

Data Group: Cancer Statistics

Cancer: Lung & Bronchus

Statistic: Incidence Rate

Race: All Races

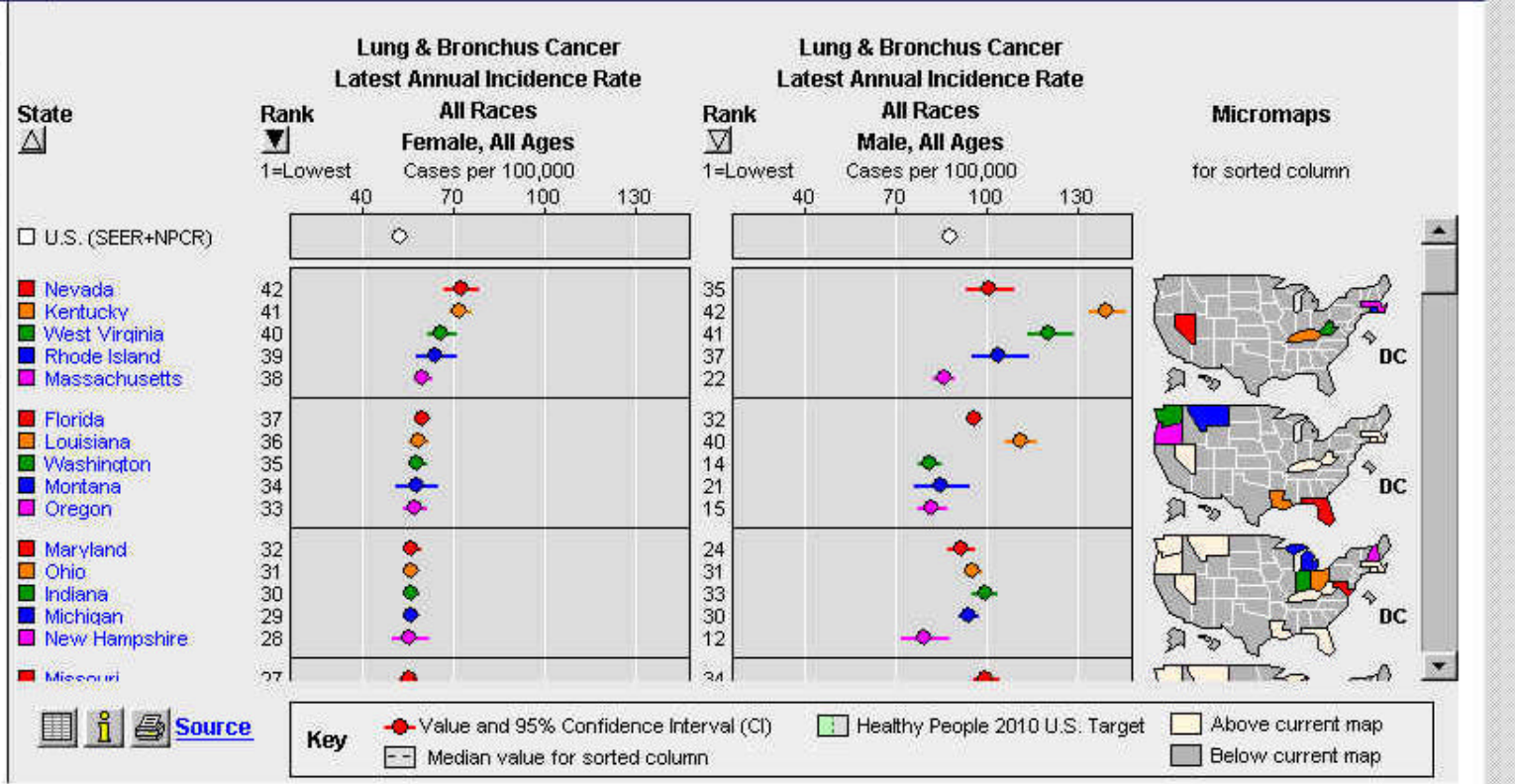
Sex: Male

Age: All Ages

Draw Clear

Overview

Options ? [Print] [PDF]



**Left Column Data**

Area: US - state level

Data Group: Cancer Statistics

Cancer: Lung & Bronchus

Statistic: Incidence Rate

Race: All Races

Sex: Female

Age: All Ages

**Right Column Data (optional)**

Data Group: Cancer Statistics

Cancer: Lung & Bronchus

Statistic: Incidence Rate

Race: All Races

Sex: Male

Age: All Ages

Draw Clear

Overview

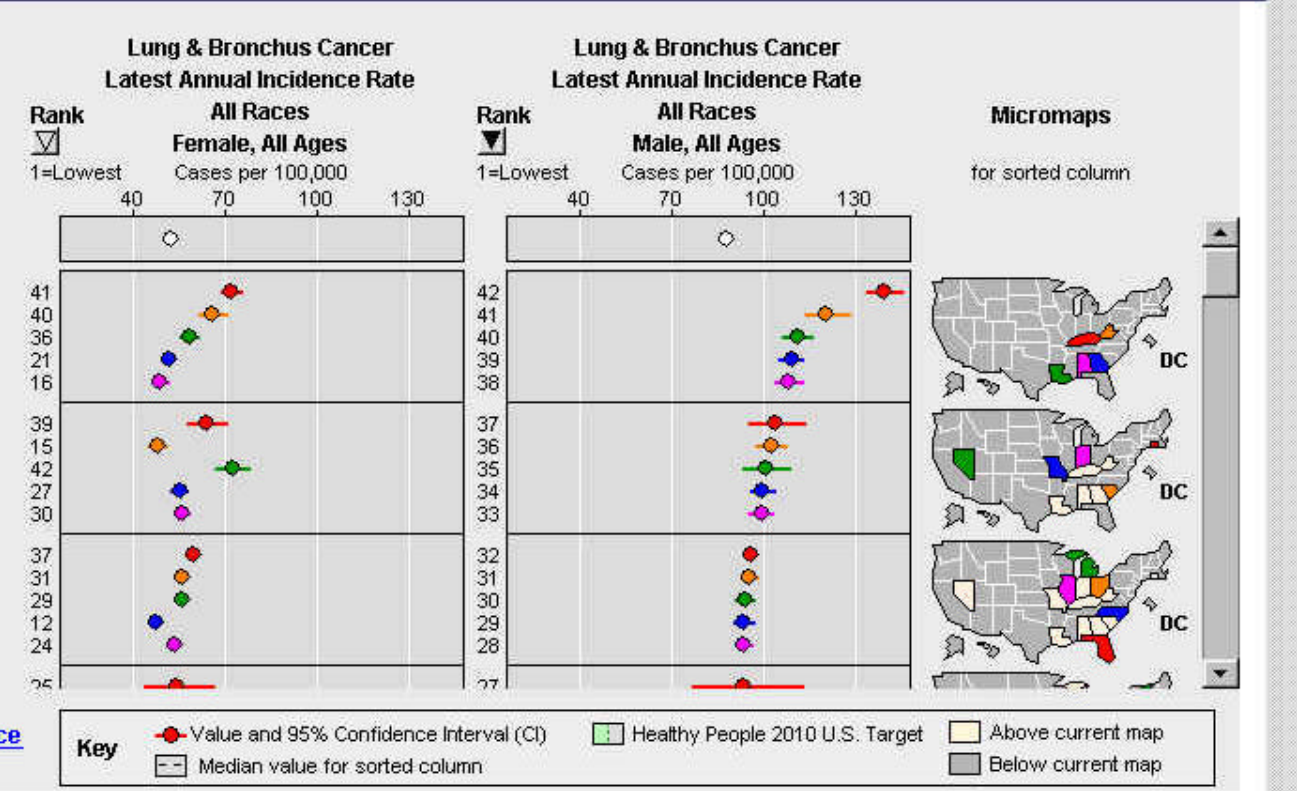
Options ? [Icons]

**State**

U.S. (SEER+NPCR)

- Kentucky
- West Virginia
- Louisiana
- Georgia
- Alabama
- Rhode Island
- South Carolina
- Nevada
- Missouri
- Indiana
- Florida
- Ohio
- Michigan
- North Carolina
- Illinois
- Alaska

Source [Icons]



**Left Column Data**

Area: US - state level

Data Group: Cancer Statistics

Cancer: Lung & Bronchus

Statistic: Incidence Rate

Race: White

Sex: Both Sexes

Age: All Ages

**Right Column Data (optional)**

Data Group: Cancer Statistics

Cancer: Lung & Bronchus

Statistic: Incidence Rate

Race: Black

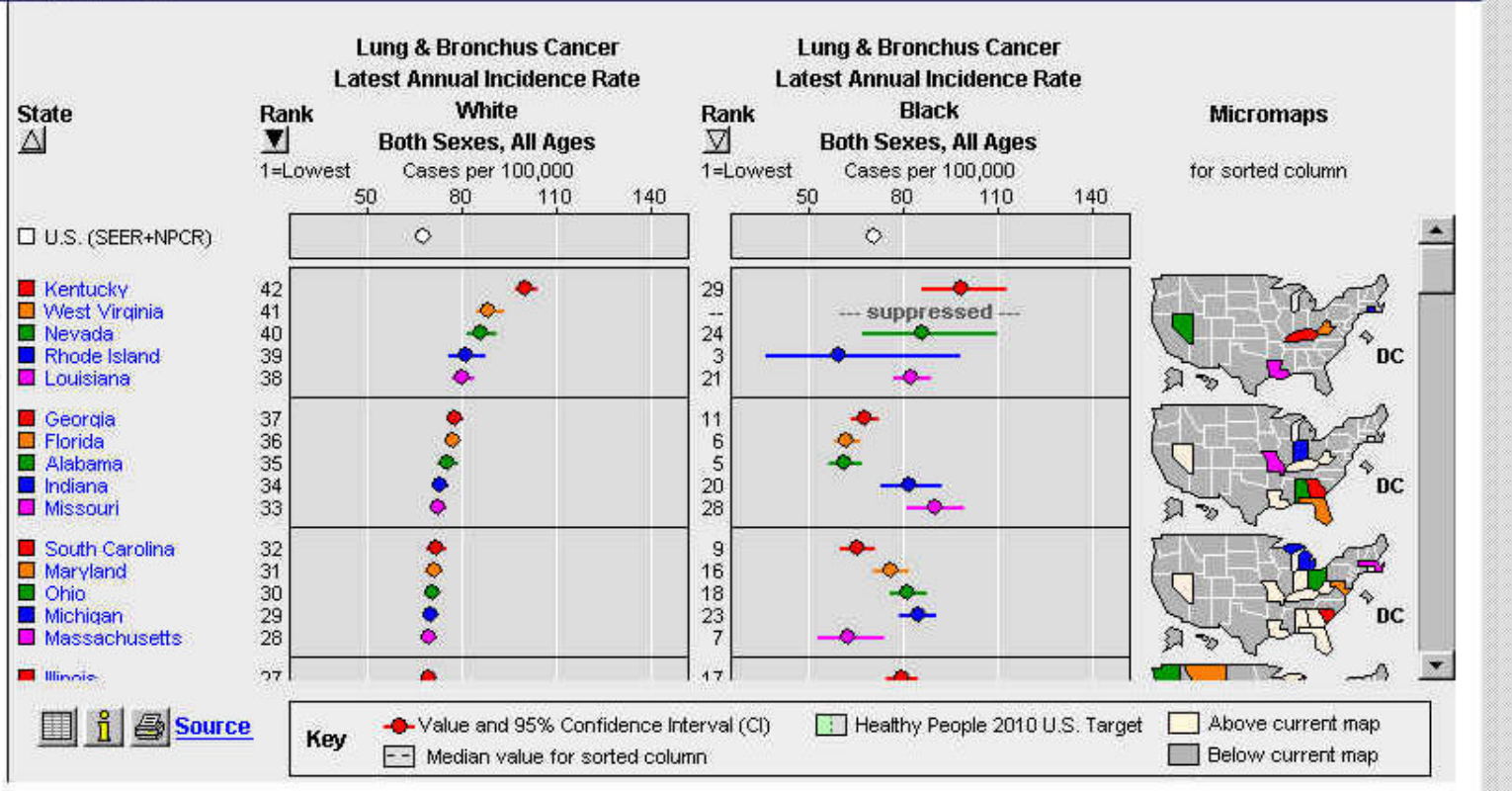
Sex: Both Sexes

Age: All Ages

Draw Clear

Overview

Options ? [Icons]



**Left Column Data**

Area: US - state level

Data Group: Cancer Statistics

Cancer: Lung & Bronchus

Statistic: Incidence Rate

Race: White

Sex: Both Sexes

Age: All Ages

**Right Column Data (optional)**

Data Group: Cancer Statistics

Cancer: Lung & Bronchus

Statistic: Incidence Rate

Race: Black

Sex: Both Sexes

Age: All Ages

Draw Clear

Overview

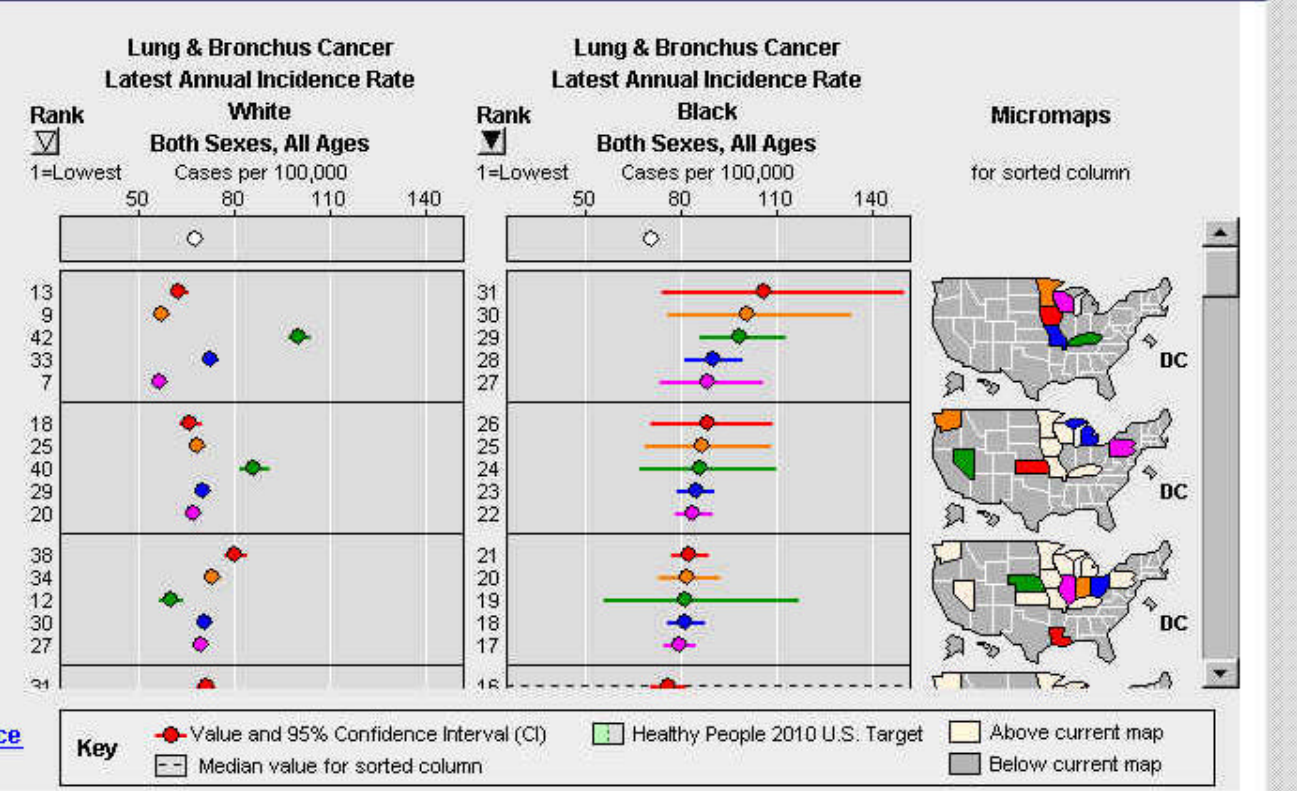
Options ? [Icons]

State

U.S. (SEER+NPCR)

- Iowa
- Minnesota
- Kentucky
- Missouri
- Wisconsin
- Kansas
- Washington
- Nevada
- Michigan
- Pennsylvania
- Louisiana
- Indiana
- Nebraska
- Ohio
- Illinois
- Maryland

Source [Icons]



# **Micromaps for the Display of West Nile Virus (WNV) Data**

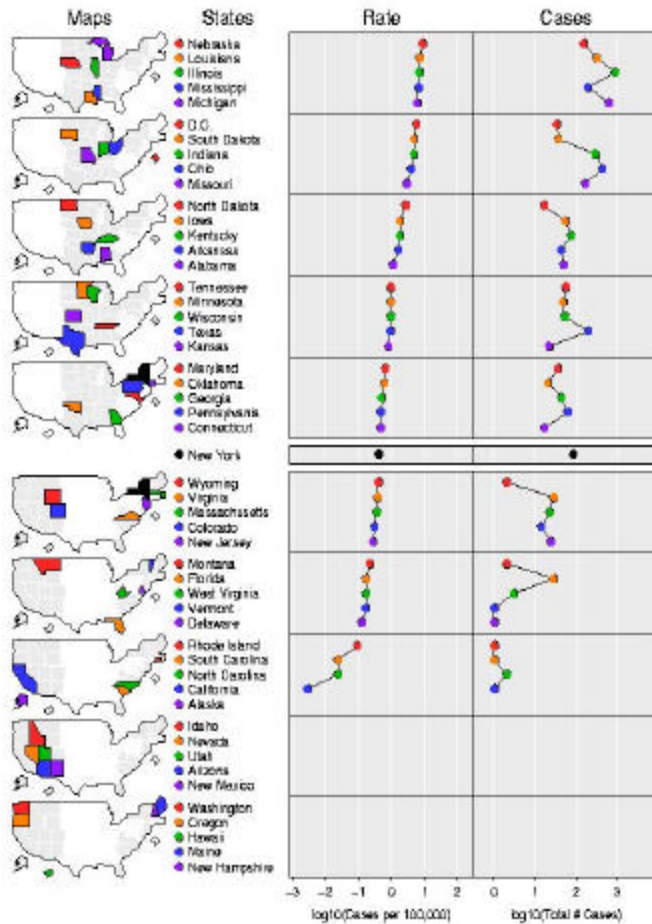
## West Nile Virus (WNV) ???

- Introduced to the US in 1999
- Spread across North America in 5 years
- Initial event - Culex mosquito transmits virus within avian populations
- Bridging Aedes albopictus transmits virus from birds to animals and humans

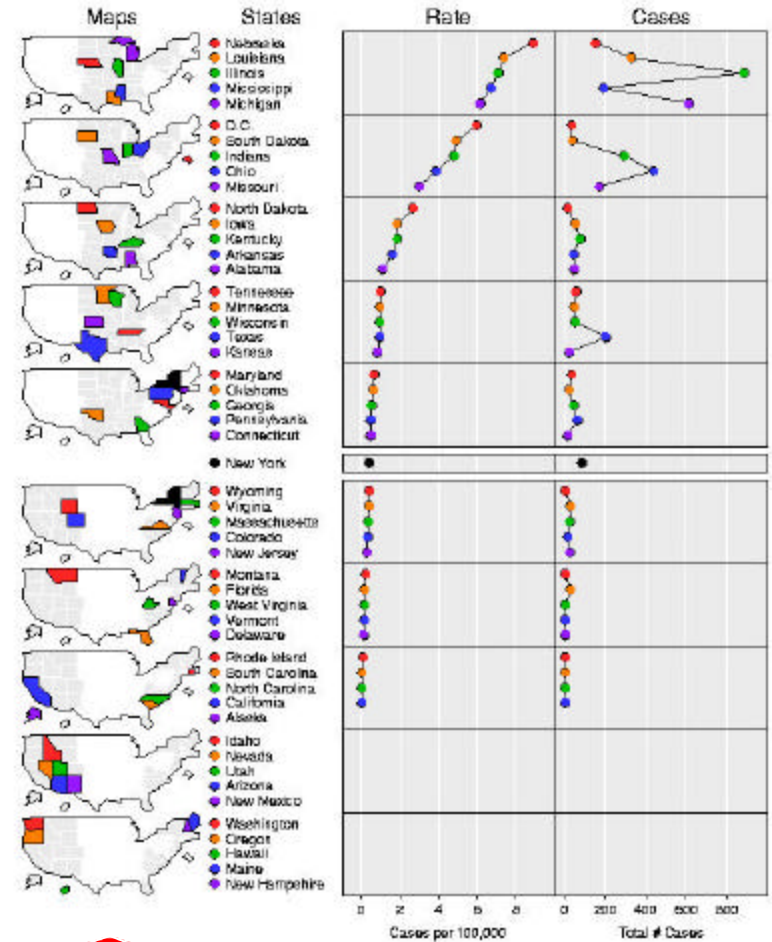


# From 2002 CDC Web Page to Micromaps

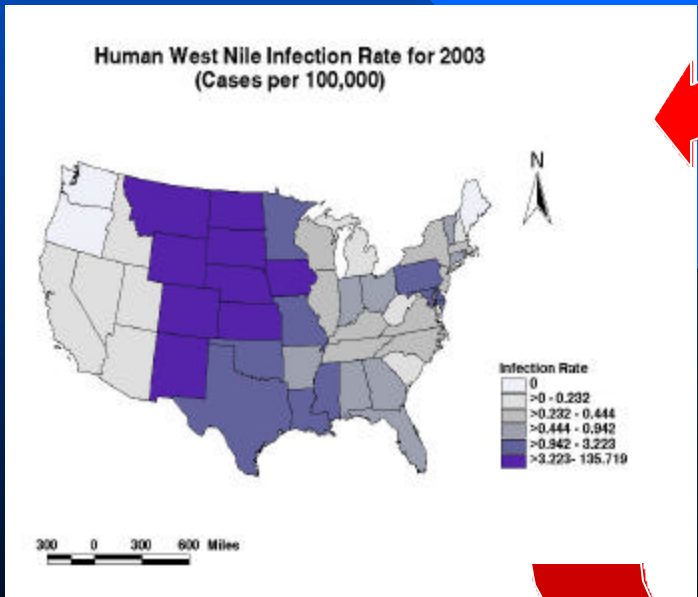
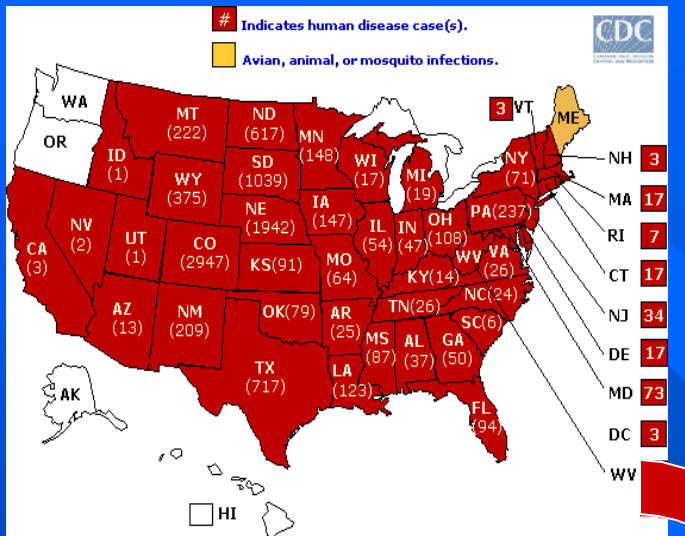
West Nile Virus 2002  
Lab-Positive Human Cases



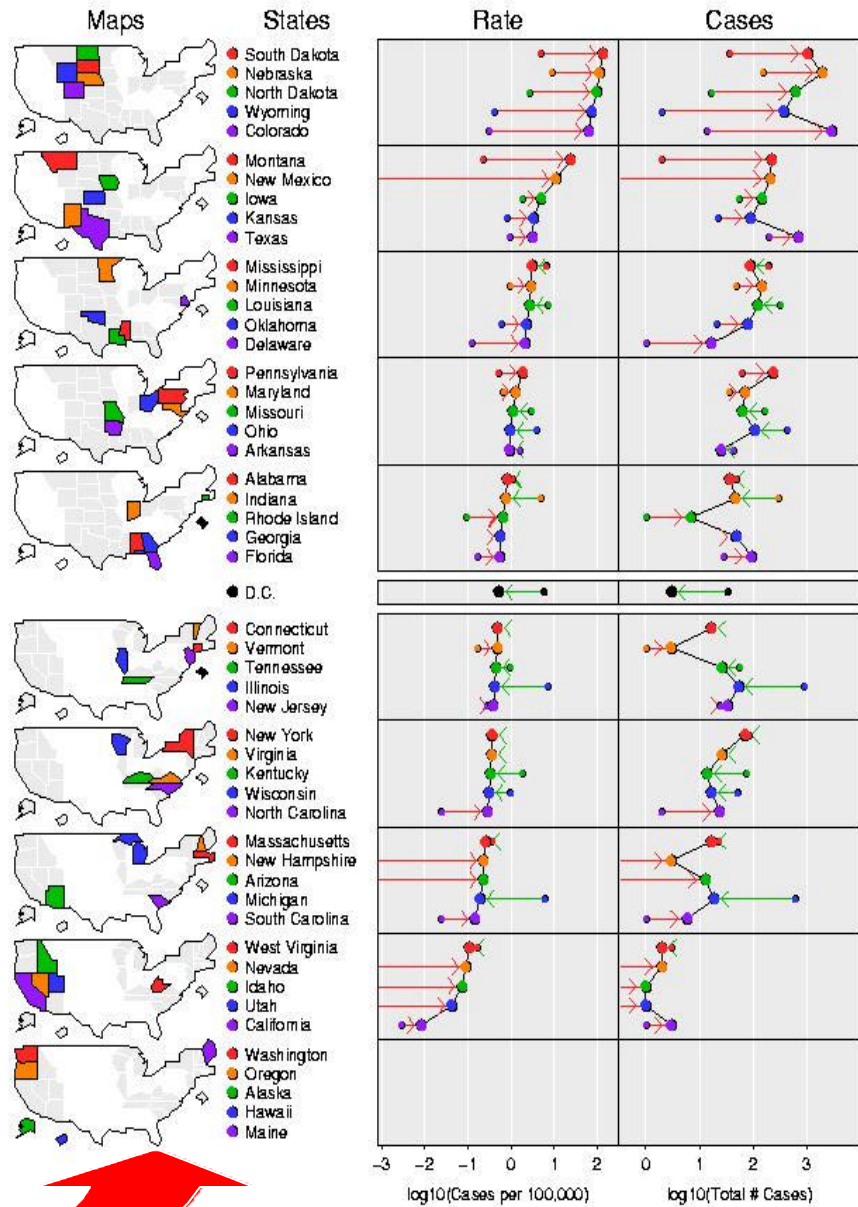
West Nile Virus 2002  
Lab-Positive Human Cases



# From 2003 CDC



## West Nile Virus 2003 Lab-Positive Human Cases



# Web-Based Access to WNV Data

- Decision at Utah State University (USU):
  - Obtain NCI Java code for Web-based WNV micromaps
  - Upgrades for the display of WNV data
  - Reference: Symanzik, Gebreab, Gillies, Wilson (2003): Visualizing the Spread of West Nile Virus, Proceedings, ASA, CD.

WEST NILE VIRUS MICROMAPS - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address <http://webcat.gis.usu.edu:8080/index.html>

Search Web Mail My Yahoo! Games Yahoo! Personals LAUNCH Sign In

**Left Column Data**

Area: US - state level

Data Group: West Nile Virus

Host Group: Human Cases

Statistic: Infection Rate

Year: 2002

Sex: Both Sexes

**Right Column Data (optional)**

Data Group: West Nile Virus

Host Group: Human Cases

Statistic: Infection Count

Year: 2002

Sex: Both Sexes

Draw Clear

Overview

Options ?

State	Rank	Latest Annual Infection Rate Year 2002	Rank	Total Infections Per Year Year 2002
	1=Lowest	Cases per 100,000	1=Lowest	Count
Nebraska	51		43	
Louisiana	50		48	
Illinois	49		51	
Mississippi	48		45	
Michigan	47		50	
District of Columbia	46		30	
South Dakota	45		32	
Indiana	44		47	
Ohio	43		49	
Missouri	42		44	
North Dakota	41		22	
Iowa	40		38	
Kentucky	39		41	
Arkansas	38		33	
Alabama	37		36	
Tennessee	36		39	
Minnesota	35		35	
Wisconsin	34		37	
Texas	33		46	
Kansas	32		25	
Maryland	31		31	
Oklahoma	30		24	

**Micromaps**  
for sorted column

United States Internet

Start WEST NILE VIRUS ... 11:48 AM

■ <http://webcat.gis.usu.edu:8080/index.html>

**Left Column Data**

Area: US - state level

Data Group: West Nile Virus

Host Group: Human Cases

Statistic: Infection Rate

Year: 2003

Sex: Both Sexes

---

**Right Column Data (optional)**

Data Group: West Nile Virus

Host Group: Human Cases

Statistic: Infection Count

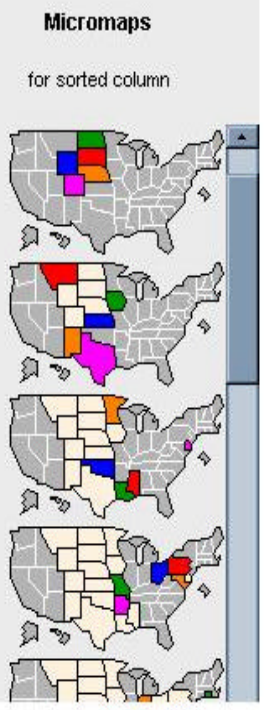
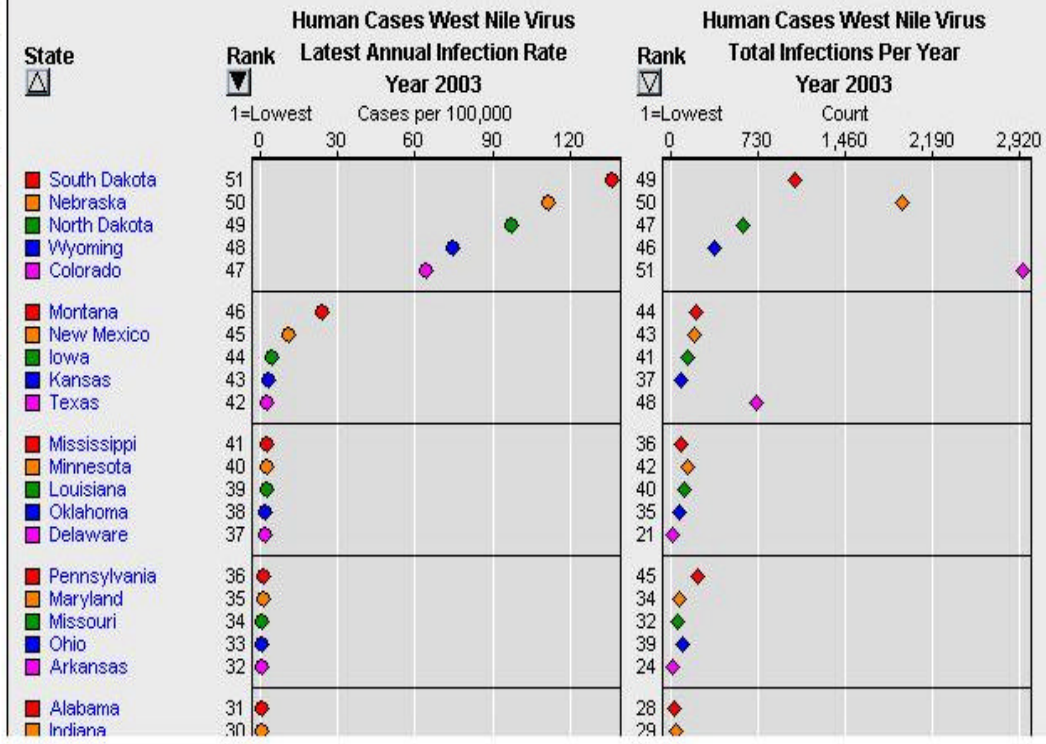
Year: 2003

Sex: Both Sexes

Draw Clear

Overview

Options ?



**Left Column Data**

Area: US - state level

Data Group: West Nile Virus

Host Group: Human Cases

Statistic: Infection Rate

Year: 2003

Sex: Both Sexes

**Right Column Data (optional)**

Data Group: West Nile Virus

Host Group: Human Cases

Statistic: Infection Count

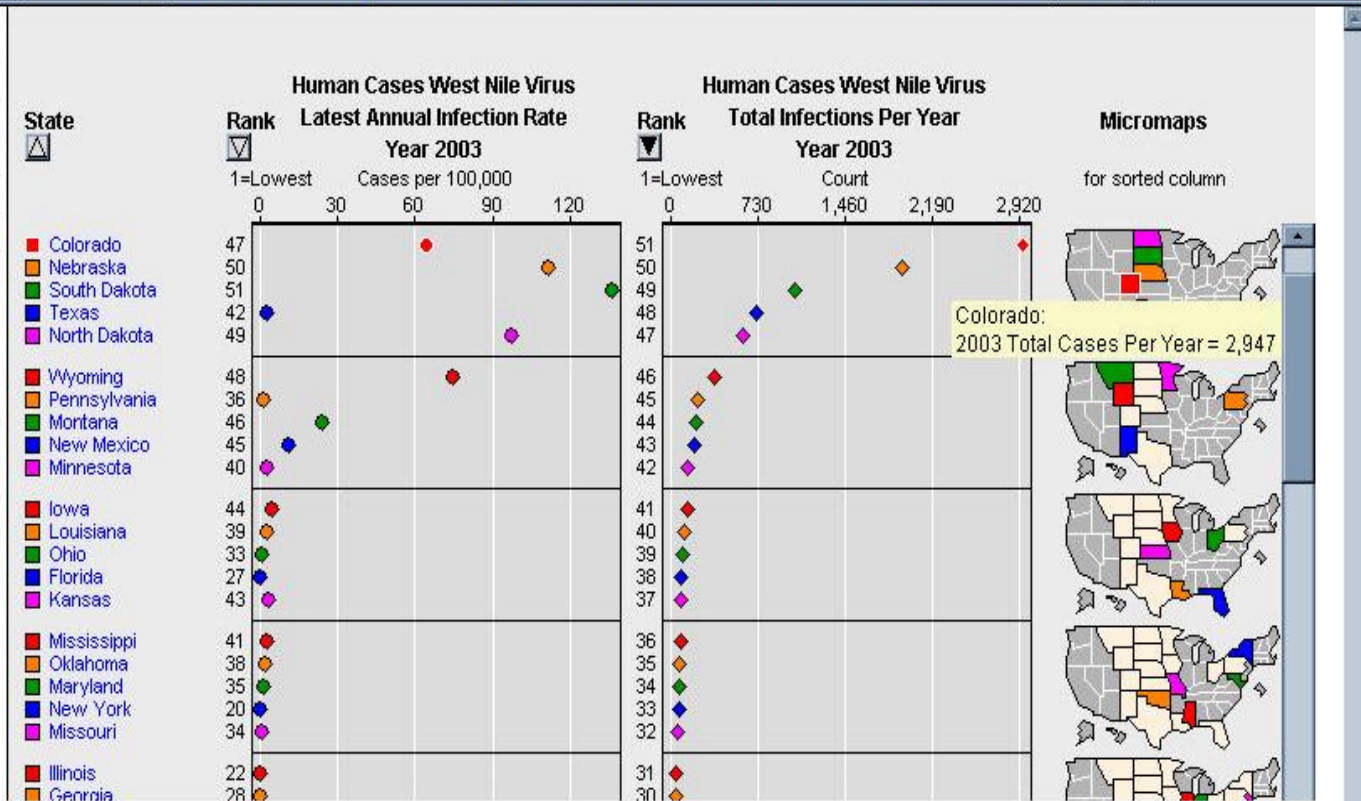
Year: 2003

Sex: Both Sexes

Draw Clear

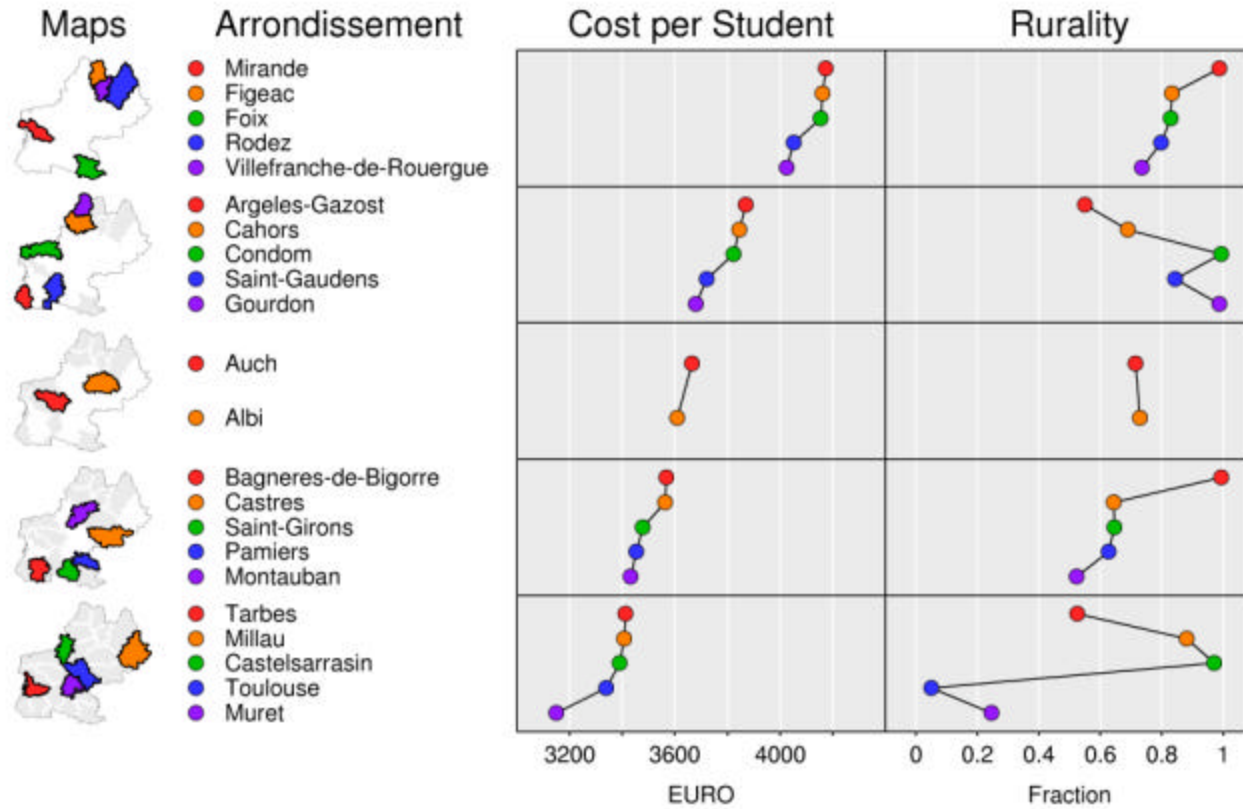
Overview

Options ? [Print] [Refresh]



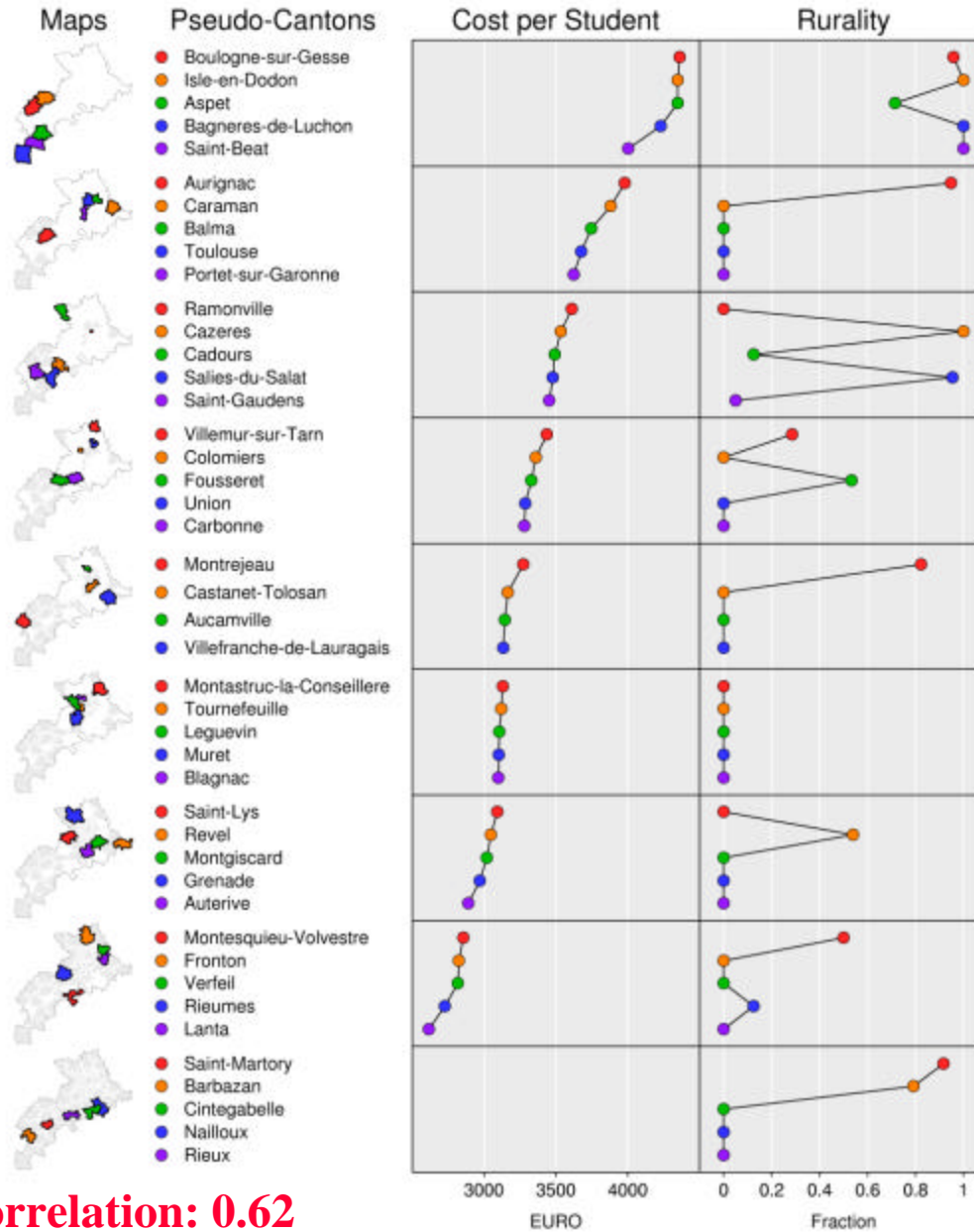
# **French Micromaps with S-Plus**

## Region Midi-Pyrenees Educational Data



**Correlation: 0.50**

## Haute-Garonne (31) Educational Data



## Concluding Remarks

- Interactive micromaps useful to display spatially complex data from environmental, agricultural, medical, economical sources, etc.
- Regional similarities quickly observed
- Easily understood by general audiences, such as “everyday” Web users and employees in government agencies and medical fields

## Ongoing Work

- Upcoming micromap chapter in Springer “Handbook of Computational Statistics” series (2006)
- Article on French micromaps in preparation
- Linking of USU West Nile Micromap Server with USU Climate Data Base

*Questions ???*